

SECOND SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2015

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(CUCBCSS—UG)

Complementary Course

Mathematics

MAT 2C 02—MATHEMATICS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A*Answer all questions.*

1. Define a smooth curve.
2. Write down the relation connecting $\sin x$ and $\sinh x$.
3. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}}$.
4. Give an example of a non-decreasing sequence.
5. State Sandwich theorem for the sequence.
6. Define absolute convergent sequence.
7. Find the equation for a hyperbola with eccentricity $= 3/2$ and directrix $x = 2$.
8. What is the formula in polar co-ordinates for the area of the surface generated by revolving the curve about the x -axis.
9. Find the equation of the circular cylinder $4x^2 + 4y^2 = 9$ in cylindrical co-ordinates.
10. Define level surface of f .
11. Find $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x - xy + 3}{x^2 + 5xy + y^3}$.
12. Write down the chain rule for finding dw/dt if $w = f(x, y, z)$ is differentiable and all x, y, z are differentiable functions of t .

(12 × 1 = 12 marks)

Turn over

Part B

Answer any nine questions.

13. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region between the parabola $x = y^2 +$ and the line $x = 3$ about the line $x = 3$.
14. Find the length of the curve $y = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3}x^{3/2} - 1, 0 \leq x \leq 1$.
15. Find the area under the curve $y = 1/\sqrt{x}$ from $x = 0$ to $x = 1$.
16. Show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} k = k$.
17. Find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 1/2^n$.
18. Graph the set of points whose polar coordinates satisfy $1 \leq r \leq 2, 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$.
19. Find all Cartesian equation of $r \cos \theta = -4$.
20. Find $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (1,1)} \frac{xy - y - 2x + 2}{x - 1}$.
21. Find f_x if $f(x, y) = x^2 + 3xy + y - 1$.
22. Find the length of the curve $r = 1 - \cos \theta$.
23. Find the length of curve $y = (x/2)^{2/3}$ from $x = 0$ to $x = 2$.
24. Find the directrix of the parabola $r = \frac{25}{10 + 10 \cos \theta}$.

(9 × 2 = 18 m)

Part C

Answer any six questions.

25. Compare $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^2}$ and $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$.

26. Find the lateral surface area of the cone generated by revolving the line segment $x = 1 - y$, $0 \leq y \leq 1$ about y -axis.
27. Find the length of $y = x^{3/2}$ from $x = 0$ to $x = 4$.
28. Find the radius of convergence of $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$.
29. Find the Taylor series generated by $f(x) = x^3 - 2x + 4$ about $a = 2$.
30. Graph the curve $r^2 = 4 \cos \theta$.
31. Find the area of the region lie inside $r = 1$ and outside $r = 1 - \cos \theta$.
32. Show that $f(x, y) = \frac{2x^2 y}{x^4 + y^2}$ has no limit as (x, y) approaches to $(0, 0)$.
33. Find dw/dt at $t = 0$ if $w = xy + z$, $x = \cos t$, $y = \sin t$, $z = t$.

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(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Part D*Answer any two questions.*

34. Write down the shell formula. Using this find the volume of the solid generated for the following problems.
- (a) The region bounded by $y = \sqrt{x}$, the x -axis and the line $x = 4$ revolved about x -axis.
- (b) The region in the first quadrant bounded by $y = x^2$, y -axis and the line $y = 1$ revolved about $x = 2$.
35. Define radius and interval of convergence. Investigate the convergence of $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^n + 5}{3^n}$, $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{2^n}$.
36. (a) Write the chain rule and draw the tree diagram for finding $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$, $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ if $w = x^2 + y^2$
 $x = r - s$, $y = r + s$.
- (b) Using Implicit differentiation, find dy/dx if $x^2 + \sin y - 2y = 0$.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)