

C 21070

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Name.....

Reg. No.....

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2017

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Mathematics

MAT 6B 09—REAL ANALYSIS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 120 Marks

Section A

Answer all questions.
Each question carries 1 mark.

1. State boundedness theorem.
2. Define absolute Minimum of a function.
3. State the preservation of interval theorem.
4. Give an example of a continuous function on $(0, \infty)$ which has neither absolute maximum nor absolute minimum.
5. Give an example of a continuous function on $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$, which is not uniformly continuous on A.
6. Find $\|p\|$ if $p = \{0, 0.3, 0.6, 1, 1.5, 2\}$ is a partition of the set $[0, 2]$.
7. Give an example of the 2nd kind improper integral.
8. The Radius of convergence of the power series $\sum \frac{x^n}{n!}$ is _____.
9. Define uniform convergence of a series of functions.
10. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{\sin (nx + n)}{n} \right) =$ _____.
11. What do you mean by uniform norm of a bounded function for $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$.
12. Find $\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$.

(12 × 1 = 12 marks)

Section B

Answer any ten questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.

13. Let $I = [a, b]$, Let $f : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous. If $K \in \mathbb{R}$ is any number satisfying

$$\inf f(I) \leq K \leq \sup f(I),$$

then prove that there exist a number $C \in I$ such that $f(c) = k$.

Turn over

14. (a) Define Lipschitz function.

(b) If f is a Lipschitz function on $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$, then prove that f is uniformly continuous on A .

15. Show that the function f defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } x \text{ is rational} \\ 0, & \text{when } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases} \text{ rational}$$

has no Riemann Integral over $[0,1]$.

16. Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} x^6 e^{-2x} dx$.

17. State the substitution theorem of Riemann Integration. Use it to evaluate $\int_1^4 \frac{\sin \sqrt{t}}{\sqrt{t}} dt$.

18. State continuous extension theorem. Use it to show that $f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$ is not uniformly continuous on $(0, b]$, $b > 0$.

19. Determine the uniform convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2 + n^2}$.

20. State and prove the Weierstrus M-Test for a series of functions.

21. If F and G are differentiable on $[a, b]$ and let $f = F'$ and $g = G'$ belongs to \mathbb{R} $[a, b]$ then P.T.

$$\left[\int_a^b fG = FG \right]_a^b - \int_a^b Fg.$$

22. State Lebesgue's Integrability Criterion for Riemann Integrability. Use it to show that every step function on $[a, b]$ is Riemann Integrable.

23. Test the convergence of $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx$.

24. Evaluate $\int_2^{\infty} \frac{(x+3)dx}{(x-1)(x^2+1)}$.

25. Prove that $\sqrt{n+1} = n\sqrt{n}$.

26. Prove that $\sqrt{n} = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-y^2} y^{2n-1} dy$.

Section C

Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 7 marks.

27. State and prove Intermediate value theorem.
28. If $f \in R[a, b]$, then prove that f is bounded on $[a, b]$.
29. If $f : [a, b] \rightarrow R$ is monotone on $[a, b]$, P. T. $f \in R[a, b]$.
30. If $f : A \rightarrow R$ is uniformly continuous on $A \subseteq R$ and if (x_n) is a Cauchy sequence in A , then prove that $f(x_n)$ is a Cauchy sequence in R .
31. Discuss the convergence of the sequence $(f_n(x))$, where $f_n(x) = \frac{x^n}{x^n + 1}$, $x \in [0, 2]$.
32. State the necessary and sufficient condition for sequence (f_n) to fail to converge uniformly on $A \subseteq R$ to f . Use it to test the uniform convergence of $(f_n(x))$, where $f_n(x) = \frac{x}{n}$, $x = R$.
33. If (f_n) and (g_n) are uniformly convergent sequences on $A \subseteq R$, is it imply that $(f_n)(g_n)$ is uniformly convergent on A ? Justify by an example.
34. State and prove the product theorem on Riemann Integration.
35. Prove that $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\sqrt{m} \cdot \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{m+n}}$, $\forall m, n > 0$.

(6 × 7 = 42 marks)

Section D

Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 13 marks.

36. (a) State and prove the Cauchy criterion for uniform convergence of a sequence of functions.
(b) Discuss the convergence of $f_n(x) = x^4$, $x \in [0, 1]$.
37. (a) State and prove uniform continuity theorem.
(b) Test the uniform continuity of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, $x \in [0, 2]$.

then prove that there can...

Turn over