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Name:	
Reg. No	

# THIRD SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

## (CUCBCSS-UG)

## CC15U PH3 B05 - MECHANICS

(Physics- Core Course)

(2015 to 2018 Admissions - Supplementary/Improvement)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

# Section A

Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. State work-energy theorem.
- 2. Write down the relationship between torque and angular momentum.
- 3. What are holonomic and non-holonomic constraints?
- 4. Define a four vector with one example.
- 5. Why frictional force is non-conservative?
- 6. What is central force? Give an example.
- 7. Check whether acceleration is Galilean invariant or not.
- 8. Show that a particle with zero rest mass travels with speed of light.
- 9. What are cyclic coordinates?
- 10. What are inertial frames of reference?

### (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

### Section **B**

## Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Explain inertial and non -inertial frames of reference with example.
- 12. Discuss the effects of Coriolis force as a result of earth's rotation.
- 13. A gamma ray photon cannot create an electron positron pair in vacuum. Explain.
- 14. What is zero momentum frame? How does it differ from laboratory frame?
- 15. What is D' Alembert's principle?
- 16. What is Time dilation and Twin paradox?
- 17. Prove that the path of the particle in the influence of Central force lies in a plane.

(7 x 2 = 14 Marks)

# Section C

Answer any *five* questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 18. Describe Foucault's pendulum. Explain why a Foucault pendulum situated at the equator would not detect rotation of earth about axis?
- 19. What is Potential energy curve of a particle? Discuss stable and unstable equilibrium in a Potential energy curve
- 20. State the postulates of Special theory of relativity and deduce Lorentz transformations from them.

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- 21. Explain conservation laws and symmetry properties.
- 22. Using Lagrange's equation, derive Newton's second law.
- 23. What is Orbital velocity of a Satellite? Derive an expression for time period of a Satellite.
- 24. Discuss the shape of galaxy on the basis of conservation of Angular momentum.

#### (5 x 4 = 20 Marks)

## Section D

#### Answer any *four* questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 25. Calculate the fictitious force and the observed force on a body of mass 5kg in a frame of reference moving vertically upwards with an acceleration of  $4 \text{ m/s}^2$ .
- 26. The position of a moving particle at any instant is given by  $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{A} \cos \theta \,\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \mathbf{A} \sin \theta \,\hat{\mathbf{j}}$ . Show that the force acting on it is a conservative one.
- 27. A 500 gm stone is revolved at the end of a 40 cm long string at the rate of 2 revolutions /second, what is its angular momentum? If after 30 seconds, it makes only <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> revolutions /second, calculate the mean torque applied.
- 28. Estimate the potential energy of a mass of 1kg at a distance of  $10^{6}$  km from the centre of earth, assuming that the potential energy is zero at infinity. Given the radius of earth = 6.4 x $10^{6}$  m, Mass of earth = 6 x  $10^{24}$  kg.
- 29. Obtain the Lagrange's equation for a one dimensional harmonic oscillator.
- 30. A rod of 1 meter long is moving along its length with a velocity **0.6c**. Calculate its length as it appears to an observer on the earth.
- 31. A space ship is moving away from the earth with a velocity **0.5c** fires a rocket whose velocity relative to the space is **0.5c** away from earth. Calculate the velocity of the rocket as observed from earth.

## (4 x 4 = 16 Marks)

### Section E

Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 32. Explain Michelson-Morley experiment. Discuss the importance of negative results of this experiment.
- 33. State Kepler's Laws of Planetary motion and show, how they can be deduced from Newton's Law of gravitation.
- 34. Explain Hamilton's principle and hence deduce Lagrange's equations of motion.
- 35. What is relativistic energy? Prove the relation  $\mathbf{E}^2 \mathbf{P}^2 \mathbf{C}^2 = \mathbf{m}_0^2 \mathbf{C}^4$ . Derive an expression for velocity of particle in terms of relativistic momentum and energy.

(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)