**19U370** 

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Name: ..... Reg. No: .....

# THIRD SEMESTER B.Voc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

## CC18U GEC3 PC09 - PROBLEM SOLVING USING 'C'

(Information Technology)

(2018 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

# PART A

Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ are certain reserved words that have standard, predefined meaning in C.
- 2. The size of () operator returns \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Type casting is used to convert
- 4. Write the logical operator which is used to combine multiple conditions and execute only if all conditions are evaluated to true.
- 5. Write the name of the entry controlled loop in C.
- 6. The statement that transfers control to the beginning of the loop is \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. If x=10; y=x++-5; What will be the values of x and y after the execution?
- 8. Write the declaration statement for a three-dimensional integer array.
- 9. For multiline comment we use
- 10. \_\_\_\_\_ function is used to check the end of file.

(10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

### Part B

Answer any *eight* questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

11. Explain declaration and initialization of one and two dimensional arrays.

12. Write the syntax of conditional operator in C.

if (a% 2==0)

printf("Even");

else

printf("Odd");

Rewrite the above using conditional operator.

- 13. What are the advantages of using functions?
- 14. What are preprocessor directives?
- 15. Write the different modes of opening a file in C?
- 16. Define structure.
- 17. Define arithemetic operators in C.
- 18. Write a program in C to find the factorial of a number using recursion.
- 19. Write a note on type conversions in C.

- 20. What are the elements of user-defined functions?
- 21. Differentiate the global and local variables.
- 22. What are the pointer variable and pointer expression?

#### (8 x 2 = 16 Marks)

### Part C

### Answer any *six* questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. What is the different between passing by value and passing by reference?
- 24. Explain the following with examples.
  - a. printf() and scanf()
  - b. Putchar() and getchar()
- 25. What is meant by dynamic memory allocation? Explain various memory allocation function.
- 26. Explain any 4 functions available in <string.h> with an example.
- 27. Write the syntax to declare a union. How is union different from structure? If a Union variable has 3 fields a character array of size 10, a float and an integer, what is the maximum size occupied by this variable in memory?
- 28. What is meant by pointers? How to declare and initialize pointers? Explain with example.
- 29. Explain the operator precedence and associativity.
- 30. Explain the functioning of a switch statement. Illustrate with an example.
- 31. What is a string? How do you declare and initialize string?

(6 x 4 = 24 Marks)

### Part D

### Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. a) Explain the basic structure of C programs with example. (10 marks)
  - b) Write a program in C to multiply two materials. (5 marks)
- 33. a) Define a function. What are the important categories of functions? Explain each with suitable example. (10 marks)
  - b) In detail, explain the C tokens. (5 marks)
- 34. a) Explain any three string manipulation functions and math library functions in C with suitable example. (10 marks)
  - b) What is the relationship between the pointer and arrays? How do access character string through pointers. (5 marks)
- 35. a) Explain decision making and branching statements with example. (10 marks)
  - b) What are the steps involved in executing a C program? (5 marks)

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

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