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Name
Reg. No

THIRD SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020 (CBCSS-PG) CC19P PHY3 E05 - EXPERIMENTAL TECHNIQUES

(Physics)

(2019 Admission Regular)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

Section A

Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 1 weightage.

- 1. What is a sorbent material? Give examples. How is it useful in vacuum technology?
- 2. Explain the action of isolation cum air inlet valve.
- 3. Why the use of ceramic crucibles is needed in thermal evaporation technique?
- 4. What are dark mirrors and cold mirrors. Explain with some examples.
- 5. How does synchrotron overcome the difficulties experienced by cyclotron?
- 6. How will you calculate grain size of the material from XRD pattern?
- 7. Which are the detectors used in PIXE and NAA? Discuss their efficiency and resolution.
- 8. What are the advantages of r. f acceleration over electrostatic acceleration?

(8 x 1 = 8 Weightage)

Section B

Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries 5 weightage.

- 9. Describe the various parts and working of an oil diffusion pump with the help of a neat diagram. Compare it with rotary pump.
- 10. Describe in detail any two electrical techniques for thickness measurement of thin films.
- 11. Explain the principle of RBS technique. With a neat diagram describe the experimental setup for elemental analysis using RBS. What are the applications of this technique?
- 12. Explain how high voltage required for heavy ion acceleration is achieved in van de graph generator. Describe the working with neat diagram

(2 x 5 = 10 Weightage)

Section C

Answer any *four* questions. Each question carries 3 weightage.

- 13. Describe Knudsen cosine rule and comment on thin film thickness distribution on the substrate at a distance from the source.
- 14. What is meant by sputtering? Explain one sputtering technique in detail giving a neat diagram.

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- 15. Derive the expression for the film thickness in terms of refractive index of the material of the film and wavelength λ_1 of kth order maximum (k+1)th order one at λ_2 at normal incidence.
- 16. For an electron and a proton moving along circles in a uniform magnetic fields B=10 kG (Kilo Gauss). Determine the orbital periods and radii if the kinetic energy of the particles is 10 MeV. Also find the kinetic energies if the orbital radius is 10cm.
- 17. By how many percent should the frequency of an alternating field of a synchrocyclotron be changed accelerate protons and alpha particles to an energy of 500 MeV
- 18. Alpha particle with K E 1.7MeV are scattered by Coulomb field of a stationary Pb Nucleus (A=208). Calculate the differential cross section for scattering through an angle 60 degree
- 19. What is the principle behind XRD technique, describe in detail Debye Scherrer camera and Debye Scherrer equation in XRD techniques?

(4 x 3 = 12 Weightage)
