Reg No..... **SECOND SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020** (CUCBCSS - UG)CC15 PSY2 C02 – PSYCHOLOGICAL STATISTICS II (Statistics - Complementary Course) (2015 to 2018 Admissions - Supplementary/Improvement) Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks Part A Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 1 mark. 1. The range of multiple correlation coefficient is ..... b) 0 to  $\infty$ a) 0 to 1 c) -1 to +1 d)  $-\infty$  to  $\infty$ 2. The correlation between two variables is unity, there is a) Perfect correlation b) perfect +ve correlation c) perfect –ve correlation d) no correlation 3. If A and B are two events, the probability of occurrence of either A or B is given by . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . a) P(A) + P(B)b) P(AUB) c) P(A)P(B)d)  $P(A \cap B)$ 4. The weight of persons in a country is a r.v of the type a) discrete b) continuous c) neither a nor b d) both a and b 5. If X and Y are two variables, there can be at most a) one regression line b) two regression lines c) three regression lines d) an infinite number of regression lines 6. A random variable is a ..... function. 7. The graph of the distribution function of a discrete r.v is called ..... 8. If the events A and B are disjoint, then P(AUB) = ..... 9. When the ranks of the two groups are the same, then the rank correlation coefficient is 10. In a regression line of y on x, the variable x is known as .....  $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

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Name.....

## Part B

# Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

11. Define random variable.

12. What is regression?

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13. Define sample space.

14. Define multiple regression.

- 15. Distinguish between linear and non linear correlation.
- 16. Define independent event.

17. Define conditional probability.

- 18. Define union of a set.
- 19. What is probability mass function?
- 20. Define random experiment.

#### $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

#### Part C

Answer any *six* questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 21. Distinguish between partial and multiple correlation.
- 22. Define probability. Explain frequency and axiomatic approaches to probability.
- 23. Explain scatter diagram.
- 24. What are the uses of correlation?
- 25. Explain distribution function and its properties.
- 26. Distinguish between correlation and regression.
- 27. State and prove multiplication theorem on probability.
- 28. Explain the merits and demerits of rank correlation.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

### Part D

Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 29. State and prove addition theorem on probability.
- 30. Define correlation. Explain the different methods of correlation.
- 31. Compute Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient for the following data.

X: 28 26 32 31 37 29 36 34 39 40

Y: 75 74 82 81 90 80 88 85 92 95

32. Find the rank correlation coefficient between marks in two subjects A and B scored by 10 students.

A: 88 72 95 60 35 46 52 58 30 67 B: 65 90 86 72 30 54 38 43 48 75

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

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