20P325

Name..... Reg. No..... Maximum: 30 Weightage d) Posner c) Vernon d) none of the above c) Myrdal d) Posner d) Delhi c) Kathmandu

(Pages: 3) (CBCSS-PG) (Economics) PART-A

Time: Three Hours

THIRD SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021 (Regular/Supplementary/Improvement) CC19P ECO3 C09 - INTERNATIONAL TRADE (2019 Admission onwards) Answer all questions. Each question carries 1/5 weightage. b) Leamer 2. According to H-O theorem, a nation will export a commodity which is: a) Intensive in its relatively abundant factor b) Intensive in its relatively cheap factor b) Kravis 4. Which of the following is likely to happen when a large country levies a tariff and would d) World price of the protected good falls b) Colombo 6. According to Linder, the trade in primary products is governed by the

- 1. The term missing trade related to
 - a) Treffler
- c) Both a & b
- 3. Who coined the theory of circular causation? a) Linder
- not happen if a small country did the same? a) domestic output of the protected good rises b) domestic demand for the protected good rises c) domestic price of the protected good rises
- 5. Headquarters of SAARC

a) Islamabad

a) Availability of skilled labour

c) Technological excellence

- 7. Factor price equalization theorem was proved by a) Samuelson b) Hecksher Ohlin
- 8. An area where all barriers removed among members but each nation retains its own barriers are called
 - a) Economic integration
 - c) Common market

(1)

b) Abundance of natural resources

d) Availability of raw materials

c) Treffler d) Jagadish Bagwathi

b) Free trade area

d) Restricted area

Turn Over

9. Availability theory was developed by		
a) Nurkse b) Kravis	c) Samuelson d) Leame	20. Define optimum tariff
10. When a nation impose tariff, the nation'	21. What are international cartels?	
a) shift away from measuring its export	22. Compare tariff and quota.	
b) Shift closer to the axis measuring its	23. Define common market.	
c) will not be affected		
d) none of the above	PART-C (Short Answer	
11. According to the Stopler-Samuelson theorem a tariff benefit		Answer any <i>seven</i> questions Each qu
a) The abundant factor	b) The scarce factor	24. Draw a figure showing the export of the int
c) Both A&B	d) None of the above	various stages of product cycle.
12. Which of the following is not included under WTO regulation?		25. Write on international trade and product differ
a) Removal of industrial licenses	b) Removal of import tariff	26. Illustrate Metzler paradox.
c) Removal of price control	d) Removal of foreign portfolio	nvestment 27. Explain Learners attempt to test HO Theorem.
13. Which paradox is contradictory of H-O	28. Comment on NAFTA.	
a) Samuelson paradox	b) Leontief paradox	29. Explain technical and administrative trade reg
c) Leamer paradox	d) Metzler paradox	30. Give a brief account of Economic integration.
14. Which of the following theories suggest	over time? 31. Explain offer curve and their use in economic	
a) Imperfect Market Theory	b) Product cycle theory	32. Discuss the trends in International trade.
c) Theory of Comparative Advantage	d) None of the above	33. With the help of diagrams explain the impact of
15. Dumping refers to:		
a) Sale of goods abroad at low a price, below their cost and price in home market		PART-D (Essay qu
b) Buying goods at low prices abroad and selling at higher prices locally		Answer any <i>two</i> questions. Each que
c) Expensive goods selling for low prices		34. Explain the theory of customs Union & different
d) Reducing tariffs		Union.
	$(15 \times 1/5 = 3)$	
PART-B (Very short answer Questions)		harmful than tariff barriers to trade?
Answer any <i>five</i> questions. Each question carries 1 weightage.		36. Evaluate the Hecksher-Ohlin model.
16. What is the relationship between transportation cost and traded goods and		37. With the help of Rybczynski theorem explain
services?		trade.
17. What is preference similarity		
18. Write on Jagadish Bhagwati's views		
19. Explain the point of 'difference in in	ion in terms ******	
of trade of primary product exporter	S.	
	(3)	

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$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Weightage})$

r Type Questions) question carries 2 weightage. innovating and imitating country during the

erentiation.

gulations.

n.

ic analysis.

of tariffs.

$(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ Weightage})$

questions)

uestion carries 4 weightage.

erentiate trade creating and diverting customs

Barriers. Why are NTBs are regarded as more

how growth of factors of production affects

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ Weightage})$