21U307

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Name:

Reg.No:

THIRD SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022

(CBCSS - UG)

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

CC19U MEC3 C03 - MATHEMATICAL ECONOMICS

(Statistics - Complementary Course)

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: 2.00 Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

Credit : 3

Part A (Short answer questions)

Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Find the order and degree of the differential equation

i)
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 10x + 5$$

- 2. What is difference equation?
- 3. Find AP and MP for the following table of production of wheat .

Land(B)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Labour(A)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total Production(TP)	8	10	12	10	5	3	2	0	-5	-10

ii) $\left(\frac{dy}{dx^2}\right)^6$

- 4. Define Law of Diminishing returns.
- 5. State the assumptions of Isoquants.
- 6. Discuss producer's equilibrium.
- 7. What is elasticity of substitution?
- 8. Define Euler's theorem.
- 9. What is constatnt returns to scale?
- 10. Explain investment decisions.
- 11. Explain the advantages and limitations of IRR method.
- 12. If two projects have the same expected value with different standard deviation ,which one is more risky?

(Ceiling: 20 Marks)

Part B (Short essay questions - Paragraph)

Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

13. Find the demand function Q=f(p) if $e = -(5P+2P^2)/Q$ and Q = 500 when P = 10.

- 14. What do you mean by the stability condition in difference equations?
- 15. Find the expansion path of Cobb-Douglass production function.
- 16. What are the advantages of C.E.S production function over Cobb-Douglass production function?
- 17. Optimize the Cobb-Douglass production function $q = K^{0.3}L^{0.5}$ subject to 6K + 2L = 384
- 18. Optimize the C.E.S production function $P = 80[0.4k^{-0.25} + (1 - 0.4)l^{-0.25}]^{-1/0.25}$ Subject to the constraint 5k + 2l = 150
- 19. Briefly explain simulation approach.

(Ceiling: 30 Marks)

Part C (Essay questions)

Answer any one question. The question carries 10 marks.

- 20. Find the integrating factor and solve the differential equation $t^2 dy + 3yt dt = 0$
- 21. i) What is certainty equivalent approach method?

ii) Find NPV of the following cash flows of a project. Use 12% as discount factor

Year	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cash in flows(Rs.)	-20000	5000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	1000

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
