

22P159

(Pages: 2)

Name:

Reg.No:

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022

(CBCSS - PG)

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

CC19P CSS1 C01 - DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES

(Computer Science)

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

Part-A

Answer any **four** questions. Each question carries 2 weightage.

1. Prove that $n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B)$ for any two sets A and B.
2. Define Existential Quantifier. Given $P = \{2,3,4,5,6\}$, state the truth value of the statement $(\exists x \in P)(x + 3 = 10)$.
3. Let $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and define a relation R on A as follows: $R = \{(0, 0), (0, 1), (0, 3), (1, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 0), (3, 3)\}$. Is R reflexive? symmetric? transitive?
4. Explain Boolean Algebra.
5. Explain Semigroup and monoid with example
6. Differentiate bipartite and complete bipartite graph with example.
7. Define with an example: i. Euler circuit ii. Hamiltonian circuit

(4 × 2 = 8 Weightage)

Part-B

Answer any **four** questions. Each question carries 3 weightage.

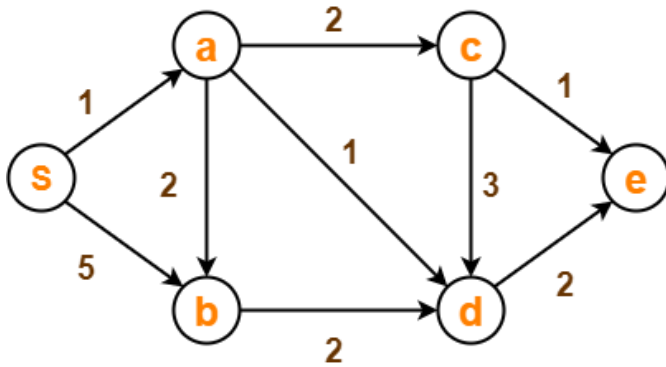
8. (a) Get the contra positive of the statement "If it is raining then I get wet".
(b) Show that the propositions $p \rightarrow q$ and $\neg p \vee q$ are logically equivalent.
9. Suppose $f(x) = x+2$, $g(x) = x-2$, and $h(x) = 3x$ for $x \in \mathbb{R}$, where \mathbb{R} is the set of real numbers. Find $(g \circ f)$, $(f \circ g)$, $(f \circ f)$ and $(g \circ g)$
10. Which elements of the poset $(\{2,4,5,10,12,20,25\}, /)$ are maximal and which are minimal?
11. Define distributive and complemented lattices. Explain with example.
12. Show that the set $G \{-1, 1, -i, i\}$ is a group with respect to multiplication.
13. Explain connectedness in graph theory.
14. Prove that the number of edges in a tree with n vertices is n-1. Conversely show that a connected graph with n vertices and n-1 edges is a tree.

(4 × 3 = 12 Weightage)

Part-C

Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries 5 weightage.

15. a. Prove the following $(\neg P \vee Q) \wedge (P \wedge (P \wedge Q)) \equiv P \wedge Q$
b. Show that $((P \rightarrow Q) \wedge (Q \rightarrow R)) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow R)$ is a tautology.
16. Determine whether the following posets are lattices. (i) $(\{1,2,3,4,5\},/)$ (ii) $(\{1,2,4,8,16\},/)$
17. Prove that every finite integral domain is a field.
18. Find the shortest path between A to H by Dijkstra's algorithm for the following weighted graph.



(2 × 5 = 10 Weightage)
