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# FOURTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2016 (CUCBCSS—UG)

Core Course-Mathematics

MAT AB 04—THEORY OF EQUATIONS, MATRICES AND VECTOR CALCULUS
Time: Three Hours

Manifeston 80 AM

#### Part A (Objective Type)

Answer all twelve questions.

- 1. If  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  are the roots of  $2x^3 + 3x^2 x 1 = 0$  find the equation whose roots are  $\alpha 1, \beta 1, \gamma 1$
- 2. State Descarte's rule of signs.
- 3. If  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  are the roots of  $x^3 px^2 + qx r = 0$  find the value of  $\sum \alpha^2$ .
- **4.** If  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ .... are the roots of f(x) = 0, write the equation whose roots are  $\frac{1}{\alpha} \cdot \frac{1}{\beta}$ .
- 5. What is the rank of a unit matrix of order n?
- 6. If  $A = [a_{ij}]$  is an  $m \times n$  matrix and  $a_{ij} = 4$ , for all i, j then rank of A is
- 7. A system of m homogeneous linear equations AX = 0 in n unknowns has only trivial solution if  $\frac{1}{n}$ .
- 8. For what value of a the system of equations ax + y = 1, x + 2y = 3, 2x + 3y = 5 are consistent.
- 10. Find the parametric equation of a line through the point (-2, 0, 4) and parallel to the vector 2i + 4j 2k.
- 11. Find the unit vector tangent to the curve  $r(t) ti + 22 \times 3 t^{3/2} = k$
- 12. Write the equations relating rectangular and spherical co-ordinates.

 $(12 \times 1 = 12 \text{ marks})$ 

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#### Part B (Short Answer Type

Answer any nine questions

13. Solve 
$$8x^3 - 14x^2 + 7x - 1 = 0$$
 whose roots are in geometric progression

14. Find the equation whose roots are the roots of 
$$x^3 - 3x^2 - 2x - 4 = 0$$
 increased by 3.

15. If 
$$\alpha$$
,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\delta$  are the roots of  $x^4 + px^3 + qx^2 + rx - s = 0$  evaluate  $\sum \alpha^2 3$ 

16. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then rank of  $A^2$  is:

17. Under what condition the rank of the matrix 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & x \end{bmatrix}$$
 is 3.

- 18. Show that the product of the characteristic roots of a square matrix of order n is equal to the determinant of the matrix.
- 19. If  $\alpha$  is a characteristic root of a non-singular matrix A, then prove that  $\frac{|A|}{\alpha}$  is a characteristic root of adj A.
- 20. Show that the characteristic roots of a Hermitian matrices are all real.
- 21. Find the velocity and acceleration vectors of  $r(t) = e^t i \frac{2}{5} e^{2t} j$  at  $t = \ln 3$ .
- 22. Find the equation for the cylinder  $x^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$  in cylindrical co-ordinates.

23. Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{1} ((3t^{2}) i + 2j - (t - 3) k) dt$$
.

24. Fine the curvature of 
$$r(t) = (a \cos t) \mathbf{i} + (a \sin t) \mathbf{j}$$
.

## Part C (Short Essay Type)

Answer any six questions.

25. If  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  are roots of  $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$ , find the equation whose roots are  $\frac{1+\alpha}{1-\alpha}, \frac{1+\beta}{1-\beta}, \frac{1+\gamma}{1-\gamma}$ write down the values of  $\sum \left(\frac{1+\alpha}{1-\alpha}\right)$ .

- 26. If  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  are roots of  $x^2 + qx + r = 0$ , find the equation whose roots are  $(\beta \gamma)^2$ ,  $(\gamma \alpha)^2$ ,  $(\alpha \beta)^2$ .
- 27. Solve the equation  $x^2 12x 65 = 0$  by Cardan's method.
- 28. For the matrix A, find non-singular matrices P and Q such that PAQ is in normal form, where

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 29. Prove that rank of a non-singular matrix is equal to the rank of its reciprocal matrix.
- 30. Using matrix method solve the equations:

$$x + 2y + 3z = 14$$
$$3x + y + 2z = 11$$
$$2x + 3y + z = 11.$$

- 31. Find the point where the line  $x = \frac{8}{3} + 2t$ , y = -2t, z = 1 + t intersects the plane 3x + 2y + 6z = 6.
- 32. Find the distance from the point S(1, 1, 5) to the line L: x = 1 + t, y = 3 t, z = 2t
- 33. Find the latent roots and latent vectors of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & h & g \\ 0 & b & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

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### Part D (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

- 34. Solve the equation  $x^5 5x^4 + 9x^3 9x^2 + 5x 1 = 0$ .
  - 35. Find the characteristic equation of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$  and verify that it is satisfied by A

and hence obtain  $A^{-1}$ .

36. Find the binormal vector and torsion for the space curve

$$r(t) = (a \cos t) i + (a \sin t) j + btk, a, b \ge 0, a^2 + b^2 = 1.$$

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$