16U417	(Pages: 2)	Name:
EVIDAII at	EMECTED D.C. DECIDEE EXAMIN	Reg. No.
FOURTH SE	EMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMIN (Supplementary/Improvement)	•
	(CUCBCSS - UG)	
CC15U BCS4 B06 -	FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE AND RDBMS	MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
	Computer Science – Core Cours	se
r: Th II	(2015, 2016 Admissions)	Manisana 00 Marla
Fime: Three Hours		Maximum: 80 Marks
Α	<b>PART A</b> Inswer <i>all</i> questions. Each question carries	ies 1 mark
	elationship diagram ellipse represents	
_	chema is written in language.	
	tuples in a relation is termed as	
	x of ALTER TABLE.	
•	in one table points to a key ir	another table
<ul><li>6. DDL stands for</li></ul>		i unouner tuoie.
	cy is related with normal form	1
8. What are ACII		
	key is called	
10. Define PL/SQI	•	
10. Domio 1 2/3 Q1	<b>.</b>	$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
	PART B	(10 A 1 – 10 Marks)
Aı	nswer <i>all</i> questions. Each question carri	es 2 marks.
11. Explain DDL a	and DML.	
12. Differentiate be	etween entity and entity sets.	
13. Why fourth nor	rmal form is more desirable than BCNF	?
14. What is meant	by concurrency control?	
15. What is a lock?	? List out different types of locks.	
		$(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$
	PART C	
Answe	er any <i>five</i> questions. Each question carr	ries 4 marks.

16. What is data independence? Why is it essential?

18. Explain lost update problems in detail.

19. What are the responsibilities of DBA?

17. Compare the database system with conventional file system.

- 20. List and explain aggregate functions used in SQL with examples.
- 21. How do we represent null values? Discuss the importance of handling null values.
- 22. Explain IF-THEN-ELSE statement in PL/SQL with an example.
- 23. What are triggers? How are they created? Explain its advantages and disadvantages.

 $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

## PART D

Answer any *five* questions. Each question carries 8 marks.

- 24. Explain ER diagram in detail.
- 25. Briefly explain the process of normalization with suitable examples.
- 26. Illustrate two phase locking protocol with an example.
- 27. Discuss different types of join operations.
- 28. Explain procedures and functions in PL/SQL.
- 29. Define cursor. Explain with examples.
- 30. With a neat diagram describe three schema architecture.
- 31. Explain database structure in detail with the help of a neat diagram.

 $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks})$ 

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