# CHRIST COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), IRINJALAKUDA

IRINJALAKUDA, THRISSUR - PIN 680 125



### COMPLEMENTARY COURSE IN BOTANY FOR B.Sc. ZOOLOGY

(CHOICE BASED CREDIT AND SEMESTER SYSIEM)

#### **SYLLABUS**

(FOR THE STUDENTS ADMITTED FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2016 ONWARDS)

BOARD OF STUDIES IN BOTANY (UG) IRINJALAKUDA, THRISSUR PIN 680 125, KERALA, 673 635, INDIA

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### B. Sc. Botany

#### **COMPLEMENTARY COURSE**

Table 1. Course structure, Work load and Credit distribution

Semester	Paper Code	Title of Paper	Hours/ Semester	Hours allotted /Week	Credit
S-I	BOT1C01 T	COMPLEMENTARY COURSE I.  Angiosperm  Anatomy &  Microtechnique	36 hrs	2	2
	BOT1C01 P	Complementary Course Practical I	36 hrs	2	*
<b>S</b> –	ВОТ2С02 Т	COMPLEMENTARYCOURSE II. Cryptogams, Gymnosperms & Plant Pathology	36 hrs	2	2
II	BOT2C02 P	Complementary Course – Practical II	36 hrs	2	*
S – III	вотзсоз т	COMPLEMENTARY COURSE - III Morphology, Systematic Botany, Economic Botany, Plant Breeding& Horticulture	54 hrs	3	2
	вотзсоз Р	Complementary Course – Practical III	36 hrs	2	*
	ВОТ4С04 Т	COMPLEMENTARY COURSE - IV Plant Physiology, Ecology & Genetics	54 hrs	3	2
S - IV	BOT4C04 P	Complementary Course – Practical IV	36 hrs	2	*
		Practical Paper Examination			4
		TOTAL			12

<sup>\*</sup> Credits of practical paper (Total credits provided against External Practical paper

#### B.Sc. PROGRAMME IN BOTANY Complementary Course Botany

Table 2. Course structure, Mark distribution, Scheme of examination

Course code &	Instruc Hours	ctional	Duration of			Marks		
Title of course	Theory Pract		Exams	The	eory	Practio	cal	
		ical		External	Internal	External	Internal	
Semester -1						3		
BOT1C01 T	36	36	2 hrs	64	16			80
Anatomy & Microtechnique								
Semester-2:		A	BGB	(A)				
BOT2C02 T	36	36	2 hrs	64	16			80
Cryptogams,			THIS	<b>6</b>	TA A			
Gymnosperms &	18				10			
Plant Pathology				VA	1E			
Semester-3: BOT3C03 T Morphology, Syst. Botany,Economic	54	36	3 hrs	64	16		1	80
Botany, Plant Breeding & Horticulture			नी वित	Ikg	*			
Semester- 4:		Y	Para	77				
BOT4C04 T	54	36	34	64	16			80
Plant Physiology,			hrs					
Ecology &								
Genetics								
Semester- 4: Comple. Course								
External			3			64	16	80
Practical Exam			hrs			[50+10+	35	
Record			************			4]		
Submission						a		
Total	180	144		256	64	64	16	400

#### **SCHEME OF EVALUATION**

Evaluation of theory paper and practical papers will be based on 80:20 pattern.

#### **Theory Examination**

Total - 80 marks External - 64 marks Internal - 16 marks

Distribution of internal marks [Theory]

Attendance - 4
Test paper - 8
Seminar & assignment 4

Total 16

#### **Practical Examination**

Total - 80 marks

External - 64 marks {Ext.Exam -50, Record-10, Submn-4} Internal

- 16 marks

Distribution of internal marks [Practical]

Attendance -

Record -

Lab involvement & test- 4

Total 16

#### **Submission**

Students are expected to submit 8 duly certified Herbarium sheets and field book on the day of Practical examination.

# FIRST SEMESTER COMPLEMENTARY BOTANY Course Code: BOT1C01 ANGIOSPERMIC ANATOMY AND MICROTECHNIQUE

Total: 72 Hours (Theory: 36 hours, Practical: 36 hours)

#### ANGIOSPERM ANATOMY

(Theory: 27 Hours)

#### Module I

- 1. Tissues Definition, Kinds Meristematic & Permanent;
- a. Meristematic tissues Classification based on origin & position; Organisation of root apex and differentiation of tissue Histogen theory; Organisation of stem apex and differentiation of tissues Tunica & Corpus theory.
- b. Permanent tissues Definition Classification;

Simple tissues (Parenchyma, Collenchyma and Sclerenchyma), Complex tissues (Xylem & Phloem)

Secretory tissues - Glandular tissues (Nectaries in Euphorbia pulcherrima,

Stinging hairs in *Tragia*)

Oil glands in Citrus, Eucalyptus; Digestive glands in Nepenthes;

Laticiferous tissues (Non-articulate latex ducts in Euphorbia and

articulate latex duct - latex vessels in Hevea).

Hydathodes

2. Vascular bundles – types: conjoint - collateral, bicollateral, concentric and radial.

9 hrs.

#### Module - II

Primary structure of dicot and monocot root, dicot and monocot stem and leaf in dicot and monocot. 6 hrs.

#### Module - III

- 1. Normal secondary thickening in dicot stem (*Polyalthea* and *Vernonia*)
  - a. Intra stelar thickening: formation of cambial ring, its structure, fusiform and ray initials, storied and non - storied cambium, activity of the cambium, formation and structure of secondary wood, secondary phloem and vascular rays.
  - b. Extra stelar thickening: formation, structure and activity of the phellogen, formation of periderm in stem and root; bark and lenticel.
  - c. Growth rings, ring and diffuse porous wood, sapwood and heart wood, tyloses.
  - d. Normal secondary thickening in dicot root (*Tinospora* and *Papaya*)
- 2. Anomalous secondary growth in *Boerhaavia*.

12 hrs.

#### **Practicals 30 Hours**

- 1. Identity simple and complex tissues and determine the type of vascular bundles using microscope.
- 2. Make suitable micro preparations to study the anatomy of the following:
  - a) Dicot stem: *Cucurbita*, *Centella* (Primary structure); *Polyalthea*, *Vernonia* (Secondary structure).
  - b) Monocot stem: Bamboo, grass
  - c) Dicot root: *Tinospora* young (Pri.), *Tinospora* mature (Sec.)
  - d) Monocot root: Colocasia, Musa
  - e) Anomalous secondary growth (Boerhaavia).
  - f) Dicot leaf: Ixora and Monocot leaf: paddy/grass

### MICROTECHNIQUE (Theory: 9 hours)

#### Module - I

Microtechnique - Brief Introduction

- 1. Microscopy: simple, compound and electron microscope
- 2. Microtomy: Rotary type, serial sectioning, paraffin method, significance.
- 3. Killing and fixing: Killing and fixing agents and their composition (Farmer's fluid and FAA.)
- 4. Dehydration and clearing reagents (mention only)
- 5. Stains Saffranin and acetocarmine, preparation and use.

#### Practicals - 6 hrs

- 1. Familiarise the structure and working of compound microscope
- 2. Demonstration of microtome serial sectioning, staining and mounting.
- 3. Preparation of Safranin, FAA and Acetocarmine

#### **References: Anatomy**

- Cuttler, EG. 1969. Plant Anatomy Part I Cells & Tissue. Edward Arnold Ltd., London.
- 2. Cuttler, E.G. 1971. Plant Anatomy, Part III Organs Edward Arnold Ltd., London.
- 3. Esau K. 1985. Plant Anatomy (2nd ed.) Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi.
- 4. Pandey B.P. Plant Anatomy, S. Chand & Co. Delhi.
- 5. Vasishta P.C. 1974. Plant Anatomy, Pradeep Publication, Jalandhar.
- 6. Tayal M.S Plant Anatomy. Rastogi Publishers, Meerut.

#### References: Microtechnique

- Johansen, D.A. 1940. Plant Microtechnique. Mc Graw Hill Book Company, Inc. New York.
- Kanika, S. 2007. Manual of Microbiology Tools and Techniques. Ane's student edition.
- 3. Khasim, S.K., 2002. Botanical Microtechnique; principles and Practice, Capital Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 4. Toji, T. 2004. Essentials of Botanical Microtechnique. Apex Infotec Publ.

# SECOND SEMESTER COMPLEMENTARY BOTANY Course Code: BOT2C02T CRYPTOGAMS, GYMNOSPERMS & PLANT PATHOLOGY

Total: 72 Hours (Theory: 36 hours, Practical: 36 hours)

#### Cryptogams, Gymnosperms & Plant Pathology

Theory: 32hrs..

#### Module - I

1. Virus: General account of viruses, including structure of TMV & Bacteriophage.

2hrs.

- Bacteria: Classification based on shape of flagella, structure, nutrition (brief account), reproduction and economic importance agriculture, industry and medicine.
   hrs.
- Cyanobacteria: General account, structure, life history and economic importance of Nostoc
   2 hrs.

#### Module - II

- 1. Phycology: General characters, classification, evolutionary trends in algae.
- 2. Structure, reproduction, life history and economic importance of the following classes with suitable examples:
  - a) Chlorophyceae (Spirogyra)
  - b) Phaeophyceae (Sargassum)
  - c) Rhodophyceae (Polysiphonia).

7 hrs.

- 3. Mycology: General characters, classification (Alexopoulos, 1979). (brief mention only) and evolutionary trends in fungi. Important features of the following divisions:
  - a) Mastigomycotina
  - b) Ascomycotina
  - c) Basidiomycotina.
- 4. Structure and life history of *Puccinia* (developmental details not required) 4 hrs.

#### Module - III

- 1. Bryology: General account, morphology and life history of *Riccia*. 4 hrs.
- Lichenology: General account and economic importance of Lichens with special reference to *Usnea*.
   3 hrs.
- 3. Pteridology: General account, morphology and life history of Selaginella 4 hrs.
- **4.** Gymnosperms: General account, morphology and life history of *Cycas* (Anatomy not required) **4 hrs.**

#### Module - IV

- 1. Plant Pathology: Study the following plant diseases with special reference to pathogens, symptoms, method of spreading and control measures.
  - 1) Leaf mosaic of Tapioca 2) Citrus canker 3) Blast of paddy

3 hrs.

#### Practicals: 32hrs.

- 1) Make suitable micro preparations of vegetative and reproductive structures of Sargassum, Puccinia, Riccia and Selaginella
- 2) Identify and draw labelled diagrams of the types mentioned in the syllabus.

#### Plant pathology

#### Practical: 4 hrs.

1) Identify the diseases (mentioned in the theory syllabus) on the basis of symptoms and causal organisms.

#### **References: Cryptogams**

- 1) Fritsch, F.E. 1935. The structure and reproduction of the algae. Vol. 1 and II, Uni. Press. Cambridge.
- 2) Morris, I. 1967. An Introduction to the algae. Hutchinson and Co. London.
- 3) Papenfuss, G.F. 1955. Classification of Algae.
- 4) B.R. Vasishta. Introduction to Algae
- 5) B.P. Pandey Algae
- 6) Mamatha Rao, 2009 Microbes and Non-flowering plants. Impact and applications. Ane Books, New Delhi.
- 7) Sanders, W.B. 2001. Lichen interface between mycology and plant morphology. Bioscience, 51: 1025-1035.
- 8) B.R. Vasishta. Introduction to Fungi.
- 9) P.C. Vasishta Introduction to Bryophytes.
- 10) B.P. Pandey Introduction to Pteridophytes

#### **References: Gymnosperms**

- Chamberlain C.J., 1935, Gymnosperms Structure and Evolution, Chicago University Press.
- Sreevastava H.N. 1980, A Text Book of Gymnosperms. S. Chand and Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3) Vasishta P.C. 1980, Gymnosperms. S. Chand and Co., Ltd., New Delhi.

#### **References: Plant Pathology**

- 1) Agros, G.N. 1997. Plant Pathology (4th ed) Academic Press.
- 2) Bilgrami K.H. & H.C. Dube. 1976. A textbook of Modern Plant Pathology. International Book Distributing Co. Lucknow.
- 3) Pandey, B.P. 1999. Plant Pathology. Pathogen and Plant diseases. Chand & Co. New Delhi.

## THIRD SEMESTER COMPLEMENTARY BOTANY Course Code: BOT3C03T

## MORPHOLOGY, SYSTEMATIC BOTANY, ECONOMIC BOTANY, PLANT BREEDING AND HORTICULTURE

Total: 90 Hours (Theory: 54 hours, Practical: 36 hours)

#### Morphology

Theory: 8 hrs.

#### Module - I

- 1. Leaf Structure, simple, compound, venation and phyllotaxy.
- 2. Inflorescence racemose, cymose, special, types with examples
- Flower as a modified shoot- structure of flower floral parts, their arrangement, relative position, cohesion and adhesion of stamens, symmetry of flowers, types of aestivation and placentation, floral diagram and floral formula.
   8 hrs.

#### Practicals: 4 hrs.

1. Identity the different types of inflorescence included in the syllabus and record the same 4 hrs.

#### Reference: Morphology

1. Sporne, K.R. 1974. Morphology of Angiosperms. New Delhi.

Systematic Botany Theory; 28 hrs.

#### Module- I

1. Introduction, scope and importance

1hr.

- Herbarium techniques: collection, drying, poisoning, mounting & labelling.
   Significance of herbaria and botanical gardens; Important herbaria and botanical gardens in India.
   4 hrs.
- 3. Nomenclature Binomial system of nomenclature, basic rules of nomenclature (validity, effectivity and priority), International Code of Botanical Nomenclature.

3 hrs.

- 4. Systems of classification Artificial, Natural, Phylogenetic (Brief account only).
  Bentham & Hooker's system of classification in detail.
  4 hrs.
- Modern trends in taxonomy Chemotaxonomy, Numerical taxonomy and Cytotaxonomy (brief account only)
   2 hrs.
- Study the following families: Malvaceae, Fabaceae (with sub-families) Rubiaceae,
   Apocynaceae, Euphorbiaceae and Poaceae.
   14 hrs.

#### **Systematic Botany**

#### Practical: 20hrs.

- 1. Determine the systematic position of local plants comes under the syllabus based on their vegetative and floral characters
- Students shall be able to describe the plants in technical terms and draw the L.S. of flower, floral diagrams and the floral formula of two plants belong to each family and record the same.
- 3. Students are expected to submit ten properly identified duly certified herbarium specimens belonging to families included in the syllabus during the practical examination.

#### References: Systematic Botany

- Radford, A.E. 1986. Fundamentals of Plant Systematics. Harpor & Row Publishers, New York.
- Sivarajan, V.V. 1991. Introduction to Principles of Plant Taxonomy. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- 3. Jeffrey, C. 1968. An introduction to Plant Taxonomy, London
- 4. Gurucharan Singh, 2001. Plant Systematics. Theory and practice. Oxford & IBH Publications New Delhi.
- 5. Sharma O.P. 1990, Plant Taxonomy Tata McGraw Hills. Publishing company Ltd
- 6. Subramanyam N.S. Modern Plant Taxonomy. Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd.
- 7. Pandey & Misra. Taxonomy of angiosperms. Ane books Pvt Ltd.

#### **Economy Botany**

Theory: 4 hrs.

#### Module -I

- Brief account on the various categories of plants based on their economic importance
- 2. Study the following plants with special reference to their binomial, family, morphology of the useful part and their uses.
  - a) Cereals Paddy, Wheat
  - b) Pulses Black gram, Green gram
  - c) Oil Coconut, Gingelly
  - d) Fibre Cotton
  - e) Latex Rubber
  - f) Beverages Tea, Coffee
  - g) Spices Pepper, Cardamom, Clove
  - h) Medicinal plants Rauvolfia serpentina, Justicia adhatoda, Santalum album and Curcuma longifolia.

#### Practical: 4 hrs.

1. Identify at sight the economically important plant produces and products mentioned in module III, and learn the binomial and family of the source plants, morphology of the useful parts and uses.

#### **References: Economic Botany**

- 1. Pandey B. P (1987) Economic Botany
- 2. Verma V. (1984) Economic Botany
- 3. Hill A.W (1981) Economic Botany, McGraw Hill Pub

#### Plant Breeding [Theory: 7hrs.]

- 1. Objectives of plant breeding
- 2. Methods of plant breeding:
  - a) Plant introduction b) Selection Mass, Pure line and clonal,
  - c) Hybridization: intervarietal, interspecific and intergeneric hybridization.
  - d) Mutation breeding e) polyploidy breeding and
  - f) breeding for disease resistance

#### Practical: 4 hrs.

1. Demonstration of hybridization technique

#### References: Plant Breeding

- 1. Allard. R.W. 1960. Principles of Plant breeding, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, New York.
- 2. Singh, B.D. 2005. Plant Breeding Principles & methods, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Chaudhari, H.K. Elementary Principles of Plant breeding, Oxford & IBH Publishers.

#### Horticulture [Theory: 7 hrs.]

- 1. Horticulture- introduction: definition, branches, significance
- 2. Methods of plant propagation:
  - a) Seed propagation
  - b) Vegetative propagation
    - i. Cutting stem, root, leaf
    - ii. Layering air layering
    - iii. Grafting: Approach grafting, Tongue grafting
    - iv. Budding: Patch and T-budding

#### Practical: 4 hrs.

1. Demonstration of layering, grafting and budding

#### **References:- Horticulture**

- Text book of Horticulture K. Manibhushan Rao Macmillan India Ltd.
- Introduction to Horticulture N. Kumar (First Edition, Rajalakshmi Publication, 1996)

#### FOURTH SEMESTER COMPLEMENTARY BOTANY

Course Code: BOT4C04 T

#### PLANT PHYSIOLOGY, ECOLOGY AND GENETICS

Total: 90 Hours (Theory: 54 hours, Practical: 36 hours)

#### PLANT PHYSIOLOGY

[Theory: 36 hours]

#### Module - I

1. Structure of plant cell and cell organelles (Brief account only)

- 2. Water relations Permeability, Imbibition, Diffusion, Osmosis and water potential
- 3. Absorption of water- Active and passive mechanisms
- 4. Ascent of sap -Root pressure theory, Transpiration pull or cohesion-tension theory.
- 5. Transpiration -Types, mechanism of stomatal movement: K+ ion theory, significance of transpiration, antitranspirants.

12 hrs.

#### Module - II

- 1. Photosynthesis Introduction, significance, Two pigment systems, red drop, Emerson enhancement effect, action and absorption spectra.

  Mechanism of photosynthesis Light reaction, cyclic & non-cyclic photo phosphorylatin,
  Dark reactions—Calvin cycle, C4 cycle, photorespiration (a brief account only). Factors affecting photosynthesis.
- Respiration Definition, Kinds of respiration aerobic and anaerobic; Glycolysis,
   Krebs cycle, Terminal oxidation, Fermentation
   15 hrs.

#### Module - III

- 1. Plant growth Definition, phases of growth, natural plant hormones, synthetic auxins (Brief account only)
- 2. Senescence and abscission, Photoperiodism & vernalization.
- Dormancy of seeds- Factors causing dormancy, photoblastin, techniques to break dormancy, physiology of fruit ripening.
   9 hrs.

#### Practicals - 18 hours

Learn the principle and working of the following apparatus/experiments

- 1. Thistle funnel osmoscope
- 2. Ganong's potometer
- 3. Ganong's light-screen
- 4. Ganong's respirometer
- 5. Absorbo transpirometer
- 6. Kuhne's fermentation vessel
- 7. Mohl's half-leaf experiment
- 8. Experiment to demonstrate suction due to transpiration
- 9. Experiment to show evolution of O2 during photosynthesis

#### References:

- 1. William G. 1-lopkins, (1999). Introduction to Plant Physiology, 2nd edition, John Wiley A Sons, Inc.
- Frank B. Salisbury and Cleon W. Ross (2002). Plant Physiology 3rd edition. CBS publishers and distributers.
- 3. G. Ray Noggle and George J.Fritz Introductory Plant Physiology, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Goodwin Y.W., and Mercer E.I. (2003) Introduction to Plant Biochemistry. 2nd edition. CBS Publishers and distributors.

#### **PLANT ECOLOGY** [Theory: 9 hours]

#### Module - I

- 1. Ecology-Definition, Ecosystem: ecological factors biotic and abiotic. 2 hrs.
- 2. Ecological adaptations: Morphological, anatomical and physiological adaptations of the following types: Hydrophyte (*Vallisnaria*, *Hydrilla*), Xerophyte (*Opuntia*, *Nerium*), Halophyte (*Avicennia*), Epiphytes (*Vanda*) and parasites (*Cuscuta*).

4. hrs.

3. Ecological succession – Process of succession, types of succession, Hydrosere

3. hrs.

#### Practicals (Total: 9 hrs.)

1. Study the morphological and anatomical adaptations of the hydrophytes, xerophytes, halophytes, epiphytes and parasites mentioned in the syllabus

#### References:

- 1. Ambasht R.S. 1988. A text book of Plant Ecology. Students Friends Co. Varanasi.
- 2. Dash M.C. 1993. Fundamentals of Ecology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3. Michael S. 1996. Ecology. Oxford University Press, London.
- 4. Sharma, P.D. 2008-2009. Ecology and Environment. Rastogi Publication.
- 5. Kumar H.D. 1977. Modern Concepts of Ecology. Vikas Publications. New Delhi.

#### **GENETICS Theory: 9hrs.**

- Introduction and brief history of genetics
- Mendel's experiments, symbolisation, terminology, heredity and variation;
- 3. Monohybrid cross, Dihybrid cross, Laws of Mendel, test cross and back cross.
- 4. 4. Modified Mendelian ratios 1) Incomplete dominance in Mirabilis jalapa
- 5. Gene interactions: Complementary genes -flower colour in *Lathyrus odoratus* (9:7ratio), Epistasis Fruit colour in *Cucurbita pepo* (12:3:1 ratio).

#### Practical: 9 hrs.

1. Students are expected to work out problems related to Monohybrid, Dihybrid, Test cross, Incomplete dominance and Modified Mendelian ratios and has to be recorded.

#### **References: - Genetics**

- 1. Sinnot, W.L.C. Dunn & J. Dobzhansky 1996. Principles of Genetics. Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Verma, P.S. & Agarwal 1999. Text book of Genetics. S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- 3. RastogiV.B. 2008, Fundamentals of Molecular Biology, Ane Books, India.
- 4. Gupta, P.K. Text Book of Genetics. Rastogi Publications, Meerut.

#### MODEL QUESTION PAPER

## First Semester Complementary Botany ANATOMY & MICROTECHNIQUE

Course Code: BOT1C01T

Time: 3hrs Max. 64 marks Part A (Answer all questions) 1. Quiescent centre is found in -----2. Casparian strips occur in -----3. Proponent of Kopper-Kappe theory 4. Calcium carbonate crystals are found as -----5. Name a dicot plant showing anomalous secondary growth 6. Type of stomata in Ixora is -----7. Name a fixative agent. 8. Roughness of grass leaf is due to the presence of -9. Give the expansion of FAA 10. Growth of cells wall is accomplished by ---10x1=10 marks Part B (Answer any seven questions) What are tyloses? Mention their function. 11. 12. What are annual rings? Laticiferous tissue. 13. 14. Concentric vascular bundles. 15. Monocot vascular bundle. 16. What are lenticels? 17. Define resolving power. 18. Name the optical parts of a compound microscope. 19. Acidic stains. 20. Natural dyes.  $7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks}$ 

#### Part C

#### (Answer any six of the following)

- 21. What is meristem? Classify them based on position, origin and function.
- 22. With suitable labelled diagrams, describe the primary structure of a dicot stem.
- 23. Explain the extra stelar secondary growth in stem
- 24. Give a detailed account of isobilateral leaf with the help of labelled sketch
- 25. Brifly describe the mechanism of electron microscope
- 26. Important anatomical characters of Dicot root
- 27. Comment on Sap wood and heart wood
- 28. Distinguish between ring porous wood and diffuse porous wood

 $6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks}$ 

#### Part D

(Answer any two of the following)

- 29. With suitable labelled diagrams, describe the simple and complex tissues in plants
- 30. Describe the anomalous secondary growth in Boerhaavia stem
- 31. Describe the normal secondary growth in dicot root with suitable diagrams.

 $2 \times 8 = 16 \text{ marks}$ 



## Second Semester Complementary Botany CRYPTOGAMS, GYMNOSPERMS AND PLANT PATHOLOGY

Course Code: BOT2C02T

Time: 3hrs Max. 64 marks Part A (Answer all questions) Fill in the blanks with suitable words. 1. Nucleus of Nostoc is -----2. is an example for Gm-ive bacteria 3. is the pathogen responsible for Blast of paddy 4. Cell wall of Bacteria is made up of -----5. are non vascular embryophytes 6. Viroids are -----7. Fruting body of Usnea is -----8. Whittker placed Bacteria in the Kingdom ---9. discovered Virus 1x10=10 marks 10. Heterospory is seen in -----Part B (Answer all questions) Answer any seven questions 11. Describe rhizoids in Riccia 12. What is heterospory? 13. What are heterocyst? 14. Give the expansion of AIDS & HIV 15. Account on shoots in Pinus 16. What do you mean by heteroceous fungi? 17. Pigments in Algae 18. Biological control

19. Cystocarp in Polysiphonia

20. Symptoms of the Blast of paddy

 $7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks}$ 

#### Part - C

#### Answer any six (short essay)

- 21. Explain the morphology of rhizophore in Selaginella
- 22. List out different methods of disease control
- 23. Describe the structure of Riccia sporophyte.
- 24. Draw a neat labeled diagram of Bacteria
- 25. Distinguish between Cryptostomata and Conceptacle
- 26. Describe the receptacle of Sargassum
- 27. Describe the structure of a Bacteriophage
- 28. Give an account on the reproduction in Lichens

6 x 4=24 marks

Part - D

(Answer any two (long essay)

- 29. Describe the life cycle of a heterecious fungus
- 30. Describe the methods of reproduction in Bacteria.
- 31. Describe various types of sexual reproduction in Spirogyra.

 $2 \times 8 = 16 \text{ marks}$ 

# Third Semester Complementary Botany MORPHOLOGY, SYSTEMATIC, BOTANY, ECONOMIC BOTANY, PLANT BREEDING AND HORTICULTURE

Course Code: BOT3C03T

	course code. Bo 13co31	
Time	: 3hrs	Max. 64 marks
	Part A	
	(Answer all questions)	
Answ	er in one word	
1.	Spadix is an inflorescence found in	
2.	Leaves without petiole are called	
3.	Most of the cereals belong to the family	
4.	Name the author of "Species plantatrum"	
5.	The binomial of cotton plant is	
6.	Name the fruit of family Fabaceae.	
7.	Euphorbia produces type of inflorescence.	
8.	Name the family with inferior ovary.	
9.	Coffee and tea belong the category	
10.	Give an example of Phylogenetic system of classification	1x10=10 marks
	गवित प्रभा	
	Part B	
	(Answer any seven questions)	
11.	Define phyllotaxy. Mention different types.	
12.	Chemicals used to protect herbarium sheets.	
13.	Why grafting is not successful in monocots?	
14.	Name the alkaloids extracted from Raucifolia.	
15.	Draw the floral diagram of Fabideae.	
16.	Principles of ICBN	
17.	Describe the spikelet in Poaceae	
18.	Comment on the morphology of angiosperm flower.	
19.	Give the binomial, Family and useful part of cotton and rubber.	
20.	Define T-budding.	$2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks}$

#### Part C

#### (Answer any six of the following)

- 21. Mass selection and Pureline selection
- 22. Organization of ICAR
- 23. What is the importance of Quarantine in plant breeding technique?
- 24. What is meant by Doctrine of signature? Explain it by giving suitable examples.
- 25. Describe the characters of the family Rubiaceae
- 26. What is placentation? Write different types.
- 27. Describe Resistance breeding
- 28. Describe different methods of vegetative propagation

6x4=24 marks

Part D

(Answer any two of the following)

- 29. Write an essay on Bentham & Hookers's system of classification
- 30. Discuss the modern trends in taxonomy giving suitable examples.
- 31. Define hybridization and describe the process of hybridization.

2x8=16 marks

# Fourth Semester Complementary Botany PLANT PHYSIOLOGY, ECOLOGY AND GENETICS

Course Code: BOT4C04T

Time	: 3hrs	Max. 64 marks
	Part A	
	(Answer all questions)	
	er in one word	
1.	Name the Father of Genetics.	
2.is	a Xerophyte.	
3.	Name the enzyme which fixes CO <sub>2</sub> in C <sub>3</sub> plants.	
4.	Wilting of plants occurs whentissue is removed.	
5.	The monohybrid genotypic ratio is	
6.	The cohesion tension theory regarding ascent of sap was given by	
7.	Incomplete dominance is reported in	
8.	The oxidation of NADH2 yieldsnumber of ATP	
9.	Give an example of inter genic interaction	
10.	Ethylene gas is used for	1x10 = 10  marks
	* Albertall	
	Part B	
	(Answer all questions) Short answer questions	
11.	Define fermentation.	
12.	What is photolysis?	
13.	Mention the role of pneumatophore.	
14.	Methods to overcome dormancy.	
15.	Briefly explain photophosphorylation.	
16.	Photosystems in plants.	
17.	Define water potential.	
18.	Define abscission &senescence.	
19.	Test cross & back cross.	

20. Vernalization.

2 x7=14 marks

#### Part C

#### (Answer any six of the following)

- 21. Describe glycolysis and its significance
- 22. What is oxidative phosphorylation? Explain its significance
- 23. Explain the role of auxins and cytokinins in plant growth and development.
- 24. What is photoperiodism? Classify plants accordingly.
- 25. How is cactus adapted to live in deserts?
- 26. Describe epistsis with example.
- 27. List out the adaptations in Hydrophytes
- 28. Describe the stomatal mechanism in plants

 $6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks}$ 

#### Part D

Answer any two of the following

- 29. Discuss the mechanism and significance of Hatch and Slack pathway in Photosynthesis.
- 30. Describe the steps of citric acid cycle.
- 31. What is plant succession? Describe Hydrosere.

2 x 8 = 16 marks

#### **B.Sc. Complementary Botany Practical Examination**

Time: 3 hrs Max. 50marks 1. Prepare a T.S. of specimen A. Stain and mount in glycerine. Draw cellular diagram and label the parts. Identify giving reasons. Leave the preparation for valuation. (Preparation - 4; Diagram - 3; Reasons 2; Identification - 1)10 marks 2. Refer specimen **B** to its family, giving diagnostic characters. (Identification 1: Reasons 4) 5 marks 3. Take a V.S. of flower C. Draw a labelled diagram. Construct the floral diagram and give the floral formula. (Diagram - 2, Floral diagram - 2, Floral formula - 1) 5 marks 4. Make suitable micro preparations of **D**. Draw labelled diagram. Identify giving reasons. Leave the preparation for valuation. (Preparation – 2, Diagram – 1, Identification – 1, Reasons – 1) 5 marks 5. Determine the ecological group of specimen E, with important adaptations. (Identification – 1; Adaptations -2) 3 marks 6. Set up the experiment **F**. Explain the working and state its aim: (Set up -2; Working -2; Aim -1) 5 marks 7. Give the binomial, family and morphology of useful parts in G & H. (Bonomial - 1; Family - 1; Morphology - 1)  $2 \times 3 = 6 \text{ marks}$ 8. Name the disease, pathogen and important symptoms in **I**. (Name -1, Pathogen -1, Symptoms - 2) 4 marks 3x1=3 marks 9. Spot at sight, specimens J, K & L 4 marks 10. Genetics problem –M. 50 marks 10 marks Record Submission (Herbarium sheets) 4 marks Total 64 marks

#### **Key to Specimens**

- A Anatomy materials root or stem (Primary or Secondary) and anomalous secondary thickening (Boerhaavia stem)
- B Twig with flower of dicot plants mentioned in the syllabus
- A flower and flower buds belong to the families included in the
   -Specimens from cryptogams included in the syllabus D

Puccinia

E - Ecology materials given in their respective centres. F-

Physiological experiments mentioned in the syllabus G &H -

Economic botany materials included in the syllabus I

Diseased specimens included in the syllabus

- J Microtechnique,
- K, & L Herbarium sheet from students' submission. M

**Genetics problem** 

Table-1: Distribution of internal marks for Theory and Practical

Parameters		Theory Practical course course		Marks distribution		
				Theory (Max)	Practical (Max)	
1	Attendance	25%	25%	4	4	
2	Average of marks obtained in the1 <sup>st</sup> & 2 <sup>nd</sup> Internal	50%	E (A	8		
	Examination together calculated out of 8	Olivina	Hs Po			
3	Assignment & Seminar	25%		2		
5	Timely submission of record sheets		50%	× nil	8	
6	Model Practical Examination marks	PINJA	1. A K U	Ni 1	4	
7	Total	100%	100%	16	16	

Table-2: Percentage of Attendance and eligible internal marks

% of attendance	% of marks to be awarded	Marks eligible	
Above 90%	100	4	
85-89%	80	3.5	
80-84%	60	2.5	
76-79%	40	1.5	
75%	LLEGE20 AU2	1	

Table - 3: The proportion of % of marks obtained in internal examination and internal marks need to be awarded.

Class	% of marks obtained in Internal Examination	Internal marks to be awarded
1	Fail (0-34)	Nil
2	36-49	1
3	50-59	2
4	60-79	3
5	80-90	3.5
6	90-100	4