18U	527	((Pages: 3)	Name:						
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FIFTH SEMESTER B.A DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020 (CUCBCSS-UG)										
(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)										
CC15U ECO5 B08 - INDIA'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT: NATIONAL AND										
REGIONAL (Feonomies Core Course)										
(Economics - Core Course) (2015 Admission onwards)										
Time:	Three Hours	(-	,	Maximum: 80 Marks						
			7 5. 4.4							
	Ansv	wer <i>all</i> questions	Part A Each question car	ries ½ mark.						
Mixed economy means the co existence of										
	(a) Capitalism and s	socialism								
	(b) public and priva	te sectors								
	(c) Automatic and restricted pricing mechanism									
	(d) All of the above									
2.	Which district of Kerala shows highest density of population?									
	(a) Ernakulum		(b) Thiruv	(b) Thiruvanathapuram						
	(c) Malappuram		(d) Kozhil	kode						
3.	The term privatization means									
	(a) Denationalization									
	(b) Rolling back of the states									
	(c) Transfer of ownership from state to centre									
	(d) All of the above									
4.	Name the chairman	of 15 th Finance	commission of Inc	lia.						
	(a) N.K Singh		(b) C. Ren	(b) C. Rengarajan						
	(c) Y.V Reddy		(d) DR. V	(d) DR. Vijay L. Kelkar						
5.	The term 'disguised unemployment' is related with sec			sector in India.						
	(a) Industry and Mining		(b) Bankir	(b) Banking						
	(c) Transport		(d) Agricu	(d) Agriculture						
6.	The sex ratio of Ker	The sex ratio of Kerala as per 2011 census is								
	(a) 1054	(b) 1084	(c) 954	(d) 984						
7.	Apex Body in the sphere of agricultural credit in India is									
	(a) NABARD	(b) RRBs	(c) IDBI	(d) SFCs						
			(1)	Turn Over						

8.	According to the Industrial policy 1956, 'Schedule A' industries come under the strict						
	Control of						
	(a) State governments		(b) Central government				
	(c) Both State and Central government		(d) Local governments.				
9.	The state with highest	effective literacy rate (2	011) in India is	11) in India is			
	a) Kerala	(b) Delhi	(c) Haryana	(d) Goa			
10.	The Main emphasis of the first five year plan was						
	(a) Agriculture	(b) Social security	(c) Industry	(d) Employment			
11.	is the nod	al agency for estimating	g poverty in India.				
	(a) The Urban develop	ment corporation	(b) Finance commission				
	(c) Natural Rural Livel	y Hood Mission	(d) Planning commission				
12.	The Special componen	The Special component plan and the Tribal plan under decentralization are based on					
	of Indian	constitution.					
	(a) Article 56	(b) Article 280	(c) Article 286	(d) Article 46			
				$(12 \times 1/2 = 6 \text{ Marks})$			
		Part B (Very Short A	Answer questions)				
	Answe	er any <i>ten</i> questions. Eac	ch question carries 2 n	narks.			
13.	List out the component	ts of PQLI?					
14.	Define poverty.						
15.	What is Emigration?						
16.	Write a note on NITI A	AAYOG.					
17.	Bring out the major ob	jectives associated with	the five year plans of	India.			
18.	Distinguish between F	DI and FII.					

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

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Part C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 25. Briefly examine the economic background for the introduction of new economic reforms of 1991.
- 26. Examine the sustainability of Kerala model of development.
- 27. What were the fundamental reasons for the low level of economic development under colonial rule?
- 28. Discuss the role of Agriculture in India's economic development.
- 29. Examine the structure and functioning of Finance commission in India.
- 30. Explain how import substitution can protect domestic economy.
- 31. Discuss the impact of foreign remittance on Kerala Economy.
- 32. Evaluate MGNREGP as a measure to eradicate poverty in India.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

- 33. Explain briefly the components of land reforms in India. Bring out the major causes attributed for the failure of land reforms in India.
- 34. Distinguish between relative poverty and absolute poverty. List out the important causes of poverty in India.
- 35. What do you meant by Green revolution? Critically examine its strategies.
- 36. Analyze the major achievements and failures associated with the five year plans of India.

 $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

21. Briefly explain the concept Targeted Public Distribution System (TPDS).

19. Explain the concept Globalization.

20. What is social overhead capital?

22. Define industrial sickness.

23. What is Co-operative farming?

24. Write a note on Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY).