(Pages: 2)

Name: Reg. No:

FIRST SEMESTER M. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020 (CBCSS-PG)

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

CC19P MST1 C02 - ANALYTICAL TOOLS FOR STATISTICS – II

(Statistics)

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

PART A

Answer any four questions. Weightage 2 for each question

- 1. If $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$ are linearly independent in \mathbb{R}^n , then prove that the vectors $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2$, $\alpha_2 + \alpha_3$, $\alpha_1 + \alpha_3$ are also linearly independent in \mathbb{R}^n .
- 2. Define rank and signature of a quadratic form with example.
- 3. If \overline{A} is the g-inverse of A, Show that $A\overline{A}A = \overline{A}$.
- 4. Find the minimal polynomial of $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$
- 5. Show that the system x + 2y = 1, 3x + 6y = 7 has no solution.
- 6. State and prove basis theorem.

7. Define an involutory matrix. Show that A is involutory if and only if (I + A)(I - A) = 0.

(4 x 2 = 8 Weightage)

PART B

Answer any *four* questions. Each question carries 3 weightage.

8. Determine the basis and dimension for the solution space of,

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 + 3x_5 = 0$$

$$3x_1 + 6x_2 + 8x_3 + x_4 + 5x_5 = 0$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 + 5x_5 = 0.$$

9. Classify the quadratic form $3x^2 + 5y^2 + 3z^2 + 2xy + 2yz + 2xz$.

10. Find the singular value decomposition of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 11 & 14 \\ 8 & 7 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$.

- 11. Find the rank. Also find a basis for row space and column space for $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 12. Prove that the geometric multiplicity of a characteristic root cannot exceed algebraic multiplicity of the same.
- 13. Show that any two characteristic vectors corresponding to two distinct characteristic roots of a symmetric matrix are orthogonal.

20P157

	г1	2	31
14. Obtain the g – inverse of	1	0	4
	L2	4	6]

(4 x 3 = 12 Weightage)

PART C

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 5 weightage.

- 15. (a) Define an inner product space. For any vectors α , β in an inner product space V, prove that $\| \alpha + \beta \| \le \| \alpha \| + \| \beta \|$.
 - (b) Prove that an orthogonal set of non zero vectors is linearly independent.
- 16. (a) Define a subspace. Let $W = \{\{x, y, z\}; x^2 = y\}$. Is W a subspace of \mathbb{R}^3 ?
 - (b) Prove that the intersection of two subspaces of a vector space V is a subspace of V.
- 17. (a) Define Moore Penrose inverse of a matrix. Show that it is unique.
 - (b) State and prove Cayley Hamilton theorem.
- 18. (a) Let U and W be the vector space over the same field F and let T be linear transformation from V into W. Suppose that V is finite dimensional. Prove that rank (T)+ nullity (T) = dim V.
 - (b) Find the rank and nullity of the linear transformation $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ defined by T(x, y, z) = (x + 2y z, y + z, x + y 2z).

(2 x 5 = 10 Weightage)
