17U606

(Regular/Supplementar

CC15U PH6 B10 - THERMAL AN

Physics - Core (2015 Admission

Time: Three Hours

Section

(Answer in a word

- Answer all questions. Each qu
- 1. The amount of work done in an isochoric pro
- 2. In an adiabatic process, the change in enthalp
- 3. Internal energy is a function (path/s
- 4. For the same change in volume, the work do forprocess
- 5. The efficiency of a heat engine working be 300K is.....
- 6.of a system is a measure of the una
- 7. Electrons obeystatistics
- 8. Entropy of the universe can reach a ma (True/False).
- 9. The first law of thermodynamics is law of co
- 10. For a perfect black body, emissivity is.....

Section B

(Answer in two or three sentences) Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What is meant by a cyclic process?
- 12. State and explain second law of thermodynamics.
- 13. Explain principle of increase of entropy.
- 14. State and explain Equipartition theorem.
- 15. Explain Planck's radiation law.
- 16. What is meant by coefficient of performance of a refrigerator?
- 17. What are the limitations of the first law of thermodynamics?

(Pages: 3)	Name:
	Reg. No
. DEGREE EXAMINATION	
(CUCBCSS-UG)	
Supplementary/Improvement)	
ERMAL AND STATISTICAL PHYSICS	
hysics - Core Course	
5 Admission onwards)	
	Maximum: 80 Marks
Section A	
wer in a word or phrase)	
ions. Each question carries 1 n	nark.
isochoric process is	
nge in enthalpy of the system is	s given by
nction (path/state)	
, the work done by a thermody	ynamic system is minimum
e working between reservoirs	s at temperature 600K and
re of the unavailability of ener	rgy from it.
tics	
reach a maximum value. T	This statement is
s is law of conservation of	
vity is	
	$(10 \times 1 - 10 M_{order})$
	$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
D D	

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ Marks})$ Turn Over

Section C

(Answer in a paragraph of about half a page to one page) Answer any *five* questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 18. Derive the relation connecting pressure (P), volume (V) and temperature (T) in an adiabatic process.
- 19. State and explain Carnot's theorem.
- 20. Show that the slope of an adiabatic curve is ' γ ' times slope of isothermal curve.
- 21. Starting from Maxwell's relation, arrive at Clausius- Clapeyron equation.
- 22. Discuss the change in entropy of a perfect gas during free expansion.
- 23. What is meant by phase change? What are the characteristics of a first order phase change?
- 24. Discuss the effect of pressure on boiling point of a liquid. How is this used in pressure cookers?

 $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

Section D

(Problems- write all relevant formulas, all important steps carry separate marks) Answer any *four* questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 25. A gas filled in a container at a pressure 10^5 Pascal and temperature 273K is isothermally compressed to half its original volume by applying pressure. Calculate the final pressure and the work done. $R = 8.3J \text{ mole}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}$
- 26. A Carnot engine with cold body at 0^oC has an efficiency of 90%. By how much should the temperature of the hot body $(27^{\circ}C)$ be increased to increase the efficiency by 2%?
- 27. When lead with melting point 600K is melted at atmospheric pressure, the density decreases from 11010 to 10650 and the latent heat of fusion is 24500J/Kg. What will be the melting point at a pressure of 100 atmosphere?
- 28. Calculate the change in entropy when 5Kg of ice is completely converted to water at its melting point 273K. Latent heat of ice = 335×10^3 J/Kg.
- 29. An ideal refrigerator takes heat from water at 0° C and rejects it to a room at temperature 27° C. If 1Kg of water at 0° C is to be changed into ice at 0° C, how many calories of heat are rejected to the room?
- 30. Obtain the probability of distribution of 10 molecules in 16 energy levels in such a way that one molecule is in one energy level.

emittance of the filament is 0.31. Radiation from glass envelope may be neglected.

Section E

(Essays-answer in about two pages) Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 32. What is a T-S diagram? Discuss the T-S diagram for a Carnot cycle and prove that for a given temperature of the sink, the unavailable energy is proportional to the gain in entropy.
- 34. Obtain Maxwell's thermodynamic relations starting from thermodynamic potentials.
- 35. a) What do you mean by 'distribution function'? Explain Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution function
 - b) With the help of Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics, discuss the distribution of molecular speeds in an ideal gas.

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31. Obtain the value of Stephan's constant (σ) if the temperature of the filament of a 40W lamp is 2443K and the effective area of the filament is 0.66×10^{-4} m². The relative

 $(4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

33. Discuss the Otto cycle with a neat PV diagram and obtain an expression for its efficiency.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$