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## FIFTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CBCSS - UG)

## CC19U BCM5 B11 - FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

(Commerce - Core Course)
(2019 Admission - Regular)
Maximum: 80 Marks

## Part A (Short answer questions).

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks

1. What is Finance Function?
2. What is Profit Maximization?
3. What is Traditional Approach of capital structure?
4. What do you mean by leverage?
5. What is explicit cost?
6. D. Ltd issued Rs. 2, 00,000 - $9 \%$ debentures at a premium of $10 \%$. The tax rate applicable to the company is $60 \%$. Compute the cost of capital.
7. What is weighted average cost of capital?
8. What is Certainty Equivalent Coefficient Method?
9. What is the Concept of working capital?
10. What is Inventory Management?
11. What is Operating cycle?
12. Define Cash Management
13. What is Concentration Banking?
14. What is Stable Dividend Policy?
15. What is Relevance Concept of Dividends?

Part B (Paragraph questions)
Answer all questions. Each question carries 5 marks.
16. Mr. A deposits at the end of each year 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000 and 6000 for the consequent 5 years respectively. He wants to know his series of deposits value at the end of 5 years with 6 per cent rate of compound interest.
17. Distinguish between operating leverage and financial leverage.
18. XYZ Ltd issues $2000018 \%$ Preference Shares of Rs 100 each. Cost of issue is Rs. 2 per share. Calculate the cost of preference shares capital when they are issued at (i) $10 \%$ premium, and (ii) at $10 \%$ discount.(iii)at par
19. Cost of the project is Rs. $6,00,000$; Life of the project is 5 years. An annual cash inflow is Rs. $2,00,000$ and cut off rate is $10 \%$. Find the discounted payback period.
20. X Ltd has budgeted its sales to be Rs 700000 per annum. Its cost as a percentage are as follows: Raw materials 20\%
Direct Wages $35 \%$
Overheads
$15 \%$
Raw material are carried in stock for two weeks and finished goods are held in stock before sale for 3 weeks, X Ltd takes four weeks credit from suppliers and eight week credit to its customers. Factory processing will take 4 weeks If both overhead and production are incurred evenly throughout the year, what is X Ltd total working capital requirements?
21. What are the various Types of Working Capital?
22. What is dividend? Explain the various forms of dividend.
23. Rolta Ltd earns a rate of $12 \%$ on its total investment of Rs. 600000 in assets. It has 60000 outstanding common shares at Rs. 10 per share. Discount rate of the firm is 10 percent and it has a policy of retaining 40 percent of the earning. Determine the price of the share using Gordon's model. What shall happen to the price of the share if the company has payout of 60 $\%$ or $20 \%$.
(Ceiling: 35 Marks)

## Part C (Essay questions)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.
24. What is financial management? Explain the objectives of financial management.
25. A company has on it's books the following amounts and specific costs of each type of capital.

| Type of Capital | Book Value | Market Value | Specific Cost |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Debit | 400000 | 380000 | 5 |
| Preference Share | 100000 | 110000 | 8 |
| Equity | 600000 | 1200000 | 15 |
| Retained Earnings | 200000 |  | 13 |
| Total | 1300000 | 1690000 |  |

Determine the weighted average cost of capital using.
(a) Book Value weights
(b) Market Value weights.
(2)
26. ABC Ltd capitalisation rate is $10 \%$. It has 5000 shares of Rs. 100 each. The firm is going to declare a dividend of Rs. 6 per share at the end of current financial year. The company expects to have a net income of Rs. 50, 000 and has a proposal for making new investments of Rs. 1, 00, 000. Show that under MM hypothesis the payment of dividend doesn't effects the value of the firm.
27. A company has to select one of the following two project.

| Particulars | Project A | Project B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost | 22000 | 20000 |
| Cash inflows |  |  |
| Year 1 | 12000 | 2000 |
| Year 2 | 4000 | 2000 |
| Year 3 | 2000 | 4000 |
| Year 4 | 10000 | 2000 |

Using the internal rate of return method suggest which project is preferable.

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(2 \times 10=20 \text { Marks })
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