19U409S		(Pages: 2)	Name:
			Reg. No
	FOURTH SEMESTER	B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMI (CUCBCSS-UG)	NATION, APRIL 2021
	CC15U PH4 C04 - ELECTR	` '	AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS
	(Phys	sics- Complimentary Cou	rse)
 .		dmission – Supplementary	<u>-</u>
Time:	Three Hours		Maximum: 64 Marks
	Answer <i>all</i> qu	Section A lestions. Each question car	rries 1 mark.
1.		-	
2.			apacitor, the electric field between
2.	the plates	octween the places of a c	apacitor, the circuit field between
3.			
4.			e?
5.	•		
6.		_	•
7.			
8.	-		
9.			as
10). LHC is	1	
			$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
		Section B	(======================================
	Answer <i>all</i> que	estions. Each question car	ries 2 marks.
11	1. The electric field, E is zero a	at a point. Is the electric	potential V necessarily zero at that
	point? Give example.		
12	2. Compare between Coulomb t	force and Nuclear force.	
13	3. How Galvanometer, Voltmet	er and Ammeter differ?	
14	4. Define the three elements of	earth.	
15	5. Distinguish between half life	and mean life.	
16	6. Find the ratio of the nuclear r	radii of Gold isotope 79 Au	¹⁹⁷ and Silver isotope ₄₇ Ag ¹⁰⁷ .
17	7. What do you mean by resona	nce particles?	
			$(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ Marks})$

Section C

Answer any *three* questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 18. Distinguish between diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic materials.
- 19. Write a note on nuclear waste disposal

- 20. Discuss the phenomenon of cosmic ray showers.
- 21. Discuss the working of semiconductor detector.
- 22. Distinguish between nuclear fission and nuclear fusion. Give an equation for each process.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ Marks})$

Section D

Answer any *three* questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. A parallel plate capacitor of plate area 10⁻²m² and plate separation 10⁻²m is charged to 100Volts. Then, after removing the charging battery, a slab of insulating material of thickness 0.5 x 10⁻²m and relative permittivity 7 is inserted between the plates. Calculate the potential difference between the plates and the capacitance (with dielectric present)
- 24. Two charges +Q and -3Q are separated by a distance of 1m. At what points on its axis is the potential zero?
- 25. One gram of a radioactive substance disintegrates at the rate of 3.7×10^{10} disintegrations per second. The atomic weight of the substance is 226. Calculate its mean life.
- 26. A galvanometer has a resistance of 50Ω and a current of 1mA is needed to give full scale deflection. What is the resistance needed and how is to be connected to convert the galvanometer into (a) an ammeter of 1A range (b) a voltmeter of 5V range?
- 27. A tangent galvanometer has a coil of 50 turns of mean radius 50cm. If the value of $B_{\rm H}$ at a place is 0.3×10^{-4} T, calculate the current in amperes to produce a deflection of 45° .

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ Marks})$

Section E

Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries 8 marks.

- 28. With a neat diagram and necessary theory, describe the working of a cyclotron accelerator. Obtain the expression for kinetic energy of the accelerated ion. Also discuss the limitations
- 29. State and prove Guass's law. Use this to find the electric field due to infinitely plane parallel sheets
- 30. Describe how will you find out the ratio of magnetic moment of two magnets using Searle's vibration magnetometer.
- 31. Explain how Carey Foster's Bridge can be used to determine the temperature coefficient of resistance

 $(2 \times 8 = 16 \text{ Marks})$
