# CHRIST COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), IRINJALAKUDA



# COMPLEMENTARY COURSE IN HISTORY

FOR B A ECONOMICS

(CHOICE BASED CREDIT AND SEMESTER SYSTEM FOR UNDERGRADUATE CURRICULUM)

UNDER THE FACULTY OF ARTS

# **SYLLABUS**

(FOR THE STUDENTS ADMITTED FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2019 - '20 ONWARDS)

**BOARD OF STUDIES IN HISTORY (UG)** 

CHRIST COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), IRINJALAKUDA - 680125, KERALA, INDIA

**JUNE, 2019** 

## HIS1(2)C01 - MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT): I

Contact Hours per Week: 6

Number of Credits: 4

#### **Objective**

- To get an understanding on nation formation process in India
- To grasp how colonial powers established their power in India.
- To familiarize the early resistance against colonialism in India.
- To understand the early national movement in India,

#### **Course Outline**

#### Module I - Consolidation of Power by the British

- Consolidation of Power by the British The Methods of Conquests and Treaties
- Economic and Land Reforms- Taxation System
- Early Resistance Movements- Sanyasi- Fakir- Santhal- Kurichya Revolt
- Revolt of 1857
- Queen's Proclamation Significance

#### **Module II - Socio- Religious Movements**

- Background Brahmosamaj Arya Samaj Aligarh Movement- SatyasodhakSamaj Pandita Rama Bhai – Ramakrishna Mission- Sree Narayana Guru
- Emergence of Nationalism

#### Module III Indian National Congress- The Early Phase

- Surendranath Bannerjee and the East India Association
- Indian National Congress- The Genesis- Safety Valve Debate
- Moderate Phase
- Drain Theory

#### **Module IV Swadeshi and Home Rule Movements**

- Partition of Bengal Swedeshi and Boycott Movements
- Muslim League
- Minto- Morley Reforms 1909
- Revolutionary Activities Ghadar Party
- Annie Beasant Tilak Role of Press
- Identification of Cultural Icons and Programmes
- Lucknow pact

#### References

1. Percival Spear, The History India, Vol 2

- 2. Sekhara Bandyopadhyaya, From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India
- 3. A. R Desai, Social Background of Indian Nationalism
- 4. Bipan Chandra et.al., India's Struggle for Independence
- 5. Uma Chakravarti, Rewriting History: The Life and Times of Pandita Ramabai
- 6. Ishita Banerjee- Dube, A History of Modern India.

## HIS4(3)C01 - MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT): II

Contact Hours per Week: 6

Number of Credits: 4

#### **Objective**

- To understand the nature and method of national movement.
- To analyse the views of Ambedkar, Rabindra Nath Tagore and Subash Chandra Bose on Gandhian method of struggle.
- To familiarize the Gandhian phase of national movement
- To get an idea of Gandhian method of struggle
- To analyse the period of globalization in India.

#### **Course Outline**

#### Module I Gandhian Tools for Struggles

- Gandhian Ideology
- Early Struggles
- Rowlatt Act Hartal Jallian Walla Bagh
- Montague- Chelmsford Reforms, 1919
- Non-Cooperation Khilafat
- Civil Disobedience Movement Salt Satyagraha
- Poona Pact
- Quit India Do or Die

#### **Module II Gandhian Constructive Programmes**

- Anti- Caste Movements Temple Entry Programmes
- Khadi and Village industries
- Anti-Communal Programmes
- Hindswaraj

#### Module III Critique of Gandhi

- Tagore, Ambedkar and His programmes
- Subash Chandra Bose and His 'Mission'
- Jawaharlal Nehru Congress socialists

#### Module I INDIA: The Republic

- Indian constitution Act of 1935- Rights and Duties
- Federal Structure Re- Organisation of Linguistic states
- Emergency
- Liberalisation Privatisation Globalisation Narasimha Rao Man Mohan Singh

### References

- 1. Percival Spear, The History India, Vol 2
- 2. Bipan Chandra et.al., India's Struggle for Independence
- 3. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India 1885- 1947
- 4. Sekhara Bandyopadhyaya, From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India
- 5. Bipan Chandra et.al., India after Independence
- 6. Bipan Chandra, In the Name of Democracy: JP Movement and the Emergency
- 7. Ramachandra Guha, India after Gandhi: The History of World's Largest democracy
- 8. T T Ram Mohan, Privatisation in India: Challenging the Economic Orthodoxy
- 9. Ramanuj Ganguli, Globalisation in India: New Frontiers and Emerging Challenges