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Name: Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2016

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

(CUCSS-PG)

CC15P ST1 C03 – ANALYTICAL TOOLS FOR STATISTICS - II

(Statistics)

(2015 Admission Onwards)

Time: Three Hours

16P155

Maximum: 36 Weightage

Part A

(Answer all questions. Weightage 1 for each question)

- 1. Define Basis and Dimension of a vector space.
- 2. Define Symmetric and skew Symmetric matrices. Give an example for each.
- 3. Define Idempotent matrices.
- 4. What is minimal polynomial?
- 5. What is the rank factorization of a matrix?
- 6. If three is the Characteristic root of a matrix A, what is the corresponding root of A^4 ?
- 7. Define Characteristic polynomial of matrices.
- 8. What is Diagonalizable matrices?
- 9. When do you say a quadratic form X'AX to be Positive definite.?
- 10. Define rank of a real quadratic form.
- 11. Define Signature of a non-singular Hermitian matrix.
- 12. What is g-inverse?

(12x1=12 weightage)

Part B

(Answer any eight questions. Weightage 2 for each question)

- 13. Let V be a finite dimensional vector space. Show that all bases of V have same number of elements.
- 14. Show that the Characteristic roots of a real symmetric matrix are real.
- 15. Do the vectors $a_1 = (3,1,2)$, $a_2 = (7,1,9)$, $a_3 = (4,1,2)$ form a basis for \mathbb{R}^3 ?
- 16. If A is an m x m Idempotent matrix, then show that (a) I_m A is also idempotent. (b) Each eigen value of A is 0 or 1.
- 17. Explain the Spectral decomposition of a matrix.
- 18. Let V be a vector space with dimension n. Show that any linear independent set in V can be extended to a basis of V.
- 19. If $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n$ are the characteristic roots of a matrix A, show that trace $(A^2) = \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i^2$.
- 20. If A is an m×m symmetric matrix, then show that the Moore-Penrose inverse A^+ is orthogonal.
- 21. Show that similar matrices have same minimal polynomial.
- 22. Show that \overline{A} is the g-inverse of A if and only if $\overline{A} \overline{A} = A$.

- 23. Classify the following quadratic form as Positive definite, Positive semi-definite and Indefinite $12x^2 + 2y^2 + 6z^2 4yz 4zx + 2xy$.
- 24. Reduce the following matrix to its Normal form and hence find its rank $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.

(8x2=16 weightage)

Part C (Answer any two questions. Weightage 4 for each question)

- 25. Let V be vector space over R with dimension n. Show that V is isomorphic to Rⁿ.
- 26. If A and B are idempotent matrices, then Show that the rank of an idempotent matrix is equal to its trace.
- 27. (a) Determine the algebraic and geometric multiplicities of A= $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -4 & 6 \\ 10 & -6 & 6 \\ 8 & -8 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$.

(b) Prove that the geometric multiplicity of a characteristic root cannot exceed algebraic multiplicity of the same.

- 28. (a) State and prove Rank-Nullity theorem.
 - (b) Find the generalized inverse of A = $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 & 2 \\ 3 & 7 & 12 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$.

(2x4=8 weightage)
