7	74367	(Pages	: 2) Name
	Market Burner of the Water Sta		Reg. No3
	FIRST SEMESTER B.Sc.	DEGREE E	XAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2014
		(CUCBCSS	
		Core Cor	urse
		Psycholo	ogy
	Psy 1B 01—B	ASIC THEMES	S IN PSYCHOLOGY—I
ime	: Three Hours		Maximum: 80 Marks
	Section	n A (Objective	type Questions)
	E	ach question car	ries 1 mark.
ulti	iple Choices. Choose the correct ar	nswer:	
1.	Name the Greek Words from which the term Psychology has derived:		
	(a) Adolescere.	(b)	Adults.
	(c) Psyche and Logos.	(d)	Limen.
2.	Who established the first Psychological Laboratory?		
	(a) Pavlov.	(b)	Wilhelm Wundt.
	(c) Watson.		John Locke.
3.	Who is the father of Psycho ana	lysis?	
	(a) Socratese.	(b)	Hippocrates.
	(c) Sigmund Freud.	(d)	Adler.
4.	Social Learning Theory was pro	posed by:	
	(a) Bandura.	(b)	Kohler.
	(c) Koffka.	(d)	Skinner.
5.	Who was the founder of the scie	entific study of h	uman memory?
	(a) Alkinson.	(b)	Ebbing haus.
	(c) Shifrin.		
II in	the blanks:	9.	
6.	is a normal state of	consciousness.	
7.	theory says that the information we acquire in our daily life fades away slowly, if we don't use it for a long time.		
8.	Trial and error learning was propounded by		
9.	is the tendency for perceptions of objects to remain relatively unchanged, in spite of the changes in raw sensation.		
			Turn over

10. ———— is a type of Learning that occurs when one person uses the observations of another person's action and guides his or her actions and guides his or her actions later.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ mark})$

Part B

Answer all short answer questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Structuralism.
- 11. Structuransin
- 15. REM sleep.

13. Illusion.

- 17. Meditation.
- 19. Extinction.

- 12. Span of attention.
- 14. Monocular cues.
- 16. Hypnosis.
- 18. Chunking.
- 20. Amnesia.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ mark})$

Part C

Answer any six of the following. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 21. Types of memory.
- 22. Memory processes.
- 23. Learning curves.
- 24. Levels of consciousness.
- 25. Goals of Psychology.
- 26. Division of attention.
- 27. Perceptual constancies.
- 28. Strategies for remembering.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ mag})$

Part D

Answer any **two** of the following. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 29. Define forgetting. Discuss the theories of forgetting.
- 30. Give a behavioural explanation for learning.
- 31. Discuss the principles of perceptual organization.
- 32. Give a brief account of the current Psychological perspectives.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ ma})$