17U151A

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FIRST SEMESTER B.Com. /B.Com.P/B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOV - 2017 (Regular/Supplementary/Improvement) (CUCBCSS-UG) CC15UBB1C01/ BC1C01, CC16UBB1C01/BC1C01, CC17UBCP1C01 MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS (Complementary Course)

(B Com: 2015, 2016 Admns., BBA: 2015 Admn onwards &

B Com Professional: 2017 Admns)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part –I

Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

A. Choose the correct answer from brackets:

- 1. The principle used in calculating the present value of future cash flows is:
 - (a) Discounting (b) Valuation
 - (c) Capitalization (d) Capital budgeting
- 2. Which of the following is an example of substitutes?
 - (a) Tooth paste and brush (b) Pen and ink
 - (c) coffee and tea (c) None of these
- 3. A small change in price leading to an infinite change in demand is a situation of
 - (a) Unit elastic demand (b) Perfectly elastic demand
 - (c) More elastic demand (d) Inelastic demand
- 4. The law of variable proportion operates in the -----
 - (a) Long run (b) Short run
 - (c) Market period (d) No specific period
- 5. The price at which demand and supply are equal is called -----
 - (a) Normal price (b) Support price
 - (c) Equilibrium Price (d) price discrimination
- B. Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
- 6. Revenue per unit of a commodity sold is called
- 7. The lowest point of a business cycle is
- 8. Under monopoly, MR is than AR
- 9. Fixing a pre-determined rate of return is of return pricing.
- 10. Costs of self owned factors are called costs

(10 x1 = 10 marks)

Part II

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2marks.

- 11. What do you mean by forward planning?
- 12. Explain the relation between TR and MR
- 13. Distinguish between marginal product and average product.
- 14. Explain the Box-Jenkins method of demand forecasting.
- 15. What do you mean by leading indicators?
- 16. What do you mean by producer's equilibrium?
- 17. What are inferior goods?
- 18. What is barometric price leadership?
- 19. Write about duopoly.
- 20. Explain the meaning of penetration pricing.

(8 x 2 = 16 marks)

Part III

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. Why do some regions attract investment while others do not? Discuss the significance of economic policy in attracting investment.
- 22. Distinguish between returns to a factor and returns to scale.
- 23. Discuss the significance of consumer psychology in pricing.
- 24. Examine the importance of brand building in minimizing the effects of cyclical downswings.
- 25. Give the distinction between the demand curves of perfectly competitive firm and monopoly firm.
- 26. What is linear homogeneous production function?
- 27. Explain Delphi method.
- 28. What do you mean by shift in demand?

(6 x 4 = 24 marks)

Part IV

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Explain the relationship between total, average and marginal product of a factor of production. Show it with the help of a diagram.
- 30. What is monopolistic competition? Explain the features of monopolistic competition. Explain the price determination under monopolistic competition.
- 31. Write about the business strategies to minimize the effects of business cycles. Also write about anti-cyclical monetary and fiscal policies.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$
