## $17 \mathrm{U148}$

(2017-Admission Regular)
Maximum : 80 Marks
PART A
Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Find the A.M of $20,25,15,10$
(a) 14
(b) 15.5
(c) 20.5
(d) 17.5
2. In the equation $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$, if $b=0$ then the quadratic equation is called as
(a) General
(b) Linear
(c) Pure
(d) None
3. If $\mathrm{A}=\{\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}\}$ then the number of elements in the power set is
(a) 6
(b) 12
(c) 8
(d) 10
4. If $\mathrm{a}^{1 / x}=b^{1 / y}=c^{1 / z}$ and $a, b, c$ are in G.P then $x, y, z$ are in
(a) H.P
(b) A.P
(c) G.P
(d) None
5. Less than ogive and greater than ogive intersect at
(a) Mode
(b) Mean
(c) Median
(d) S.D

Fill in the blanks:
6. If $\mathrm{A}^{\mathrm{T}}=\mathrm{A}$ then it is $\qquad$ .matrix
7. Null set is also known as.
8. A quadratic equation has. $\qquad$ roots
9. The present value of Rs 400 due after 5 years compounded annually at $8 \%$ is 10. $\qquad$

## PART B

Answer any eight questions, each questions carries 2 marks.
11. Form quadratic equation with roots $3,-5$
12. The compound interest on Rs 7000 for 4 years payable quarterly at $6 \%$ p.a.
13. If
Find:
(a) $A+B$
(b) $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}$
14. Solve $4 x^{2}-7 x+2=0$.
15. State Demorgan's law.
16. Find S.D and Coefficient of variation;

$$
41,43,45,47,55,56,60,61
$$

17. Elucidate any two methods of measuring trend.
18. By using Venn diagram represent,

$$
\text { (a) } \mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{~B} \cap \mathrm{C} \text {. }
$$

(b) A-B
19. Which term of the series $12+9+6 \ldots$ is -100 .

## 20. Explain:

(a) Continuous variable.
(b) Discrete variable.
(2x8=16 Marks)

## PART C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
21. If $\mathrm{A}=\left(\begin{array}{lll}3 & -3 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 1\end{array}\right)$

Find $\mathrm{A}^{-1}$.
22. Find three numbers in AP whose sum is $14 \&$ product is 64 .
23. Solve the system of equation $5 x+6 y=3$, and $7 x+11 y=8$.
24. If $x+4,3 x-2,4 x-2 \ldots$. is an arithmetic sequence then,
(a) Find $x$
(b) write the sequence
(c) Find the $n^{\text {th }}$ term
25. Find median in the following data.

| Class limits: $20-29$ | $30-39$ | $40-49$ | $50-59$ | $60-69$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency: | 10 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 2 |

Frequency: 10
26. Define Primary data
27. $\mathrm{A}=\{1,3,5,7\} \quad \mathrm{B}=\{5,9,13,17\} \quad \mathrm{C}=\{1,3,9,13\}$.
(a) AUBUC
(b) $(A-B) \cap C$
(c) $\mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{B} \cap \mathrm{C}$
(d) (AUC)-B
28. Explain Positive and Negative Skewness

## PART D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.
29. What is a time series, its objectives, and also explain the components.
30. An enquiry into the budgets of class of families in the city of Pune was as follows:

| Item | Eatables | Gasoline | Wearing <br> apparels | EMI | Others |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Expenditure | $35 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| Cost in 2011 | 150 | 25 | 75 | 30 | 40 |
| Cost in 2015 | 175 | 38 | 85 | 40 | 62 |

What change in cost of living of 2015 has taken place compared to 2011?
31. Solve by Crammers rule.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x-3 y+5 z=11 \\
& 5 x+2 y-7 z=-12 \\
& -4 x+3 y+z=5
\end{aligned}
$$

