170141	(Pages: 2)	Name:
		Reg. No.
FIRST SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2017 (Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)		
(Regular)	(CUCBCSS-UG)	venient)
CC15U BOT1 C01 – ANGIOSPERMIC ANATOMY & MICROTECHNIQUE		
•	ny- Complementary Co 115 Admission Onward	
Time: Three Hours		Maximum: 64 Marks
PART A Answer <i>all</i> Questions. Each question carries 1 mark.		
1. The meristem seen in between xylem and phloem of a collateral vascular bundle is		
•	lem and phioem of a co	oliateral vascular bundle is
called		
2. Canada balsam is obtained from		
3. The proponent of Tunica Corpus Theory is		
4. Small isolated openings seen on the surface of trees are called		
5 is an example for external secretory tissue		
6. Conjoint, bicollateral and open vascular bundles are characteristics of plants		
7. FAA stands for		
8. Bast fibres are the fibres seen associated with		
9 is an example for	nuclear stain	
10. Magnification of light microscop	oe is	
		(10x1=10 marks)
	PART B	
Answer any <i>seven</i>	questions. Each question	on carries 2 marks
11. Differentiate between shoot apex	and root apex	
12. What are tylosoids?		
13. List any four major differences b	between dicot leaf and r	monocot leaf
14. What is the principle behind mic	roscopy?	
15. Differentiate between vascular cambium and cork cambium		
16. What are hydathodes?		
17. Enumerate any four salient featu	res of dicot root	
18. What is clearing? Name a clearing	ng agent	
19. Comment on FAA		
20. What do you mean by infiltration	n?	
		(7x2=14 marks)

PART C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. Describe the theories that explain the apical organization of root
- 22. Give a brief account on fixation
- 23. Explain the functioning of a light microscope
- 24. Give a brief account on simple permanent tissues
- 25. Add a short note on various types of vascular tissues in angiosperms
- 26. Give a illustrated account of the formation of secondary tissues in Boerhaavia
- 27. Give the anatomical difference between dicot stem and a monocot stem
- 28. Comment on various types of staining methods employed for histochemical studies

(6x4=24 marks)

PART D

Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries 8 marks.

- 29. Explain the process of secondary growth in a dicot stem. How does it differ from the secondary growth pattern of a dicot root
- 30. Xylem is considered as a complex tissue. Substantiate the statement.
- 31. What is the principle of microtome? Explain the various types of microtomes and their applications

(2x8=16 marks)
