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FIRST SEMESTER B.Com. PROFESSIONAL DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019
(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement) (CUCBCSS-UG)
CC15U BCP1 C01 - NUMERICAL SKILLS
(Complimentary Course)
(2017 Admission onwards)
Time: Three Hours
Maximum: 80 Marks
PART A
Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark

1. The classification 2-4 5-7 $\quad 8-9 \quad 10-12$ is the example of
(a) Inclusive
(b) Exclusive
(c) Both a \& b
(d) None of these
2. A set that contains no elements is called
(a) Singleton set
(b) Equal set
(c) Nullset
(d) None of these
3. Collection of $\qquad$ data involves huge expenses.
(a) Secondary
(b) Primary
(c) Both a or b
(d) All of these
4. Geometric mean of 16 and 4
(a) 2
(b) 8
(c) 16
(d) 4
5. Statistical results are
(a) Absolutely correct
(b) Not true
(c) True on an average
(d) Universally true

Fill in the blanks:
6. If $A$ and $B$ are any two sets and $A$ subset of $B$ then $A \cap B$ is $\qquad$
7. A Quadratic equation has $\qquad$ roots.
8. When the distribution is positively skewed mean, median and mode are $\qquad$
9. In the case of simple interest principal remains $\qquad$
10. The point $(-2,-7)$ lies in $\qquad$ quadrant.
( $10 \times 1=10$ Marks)

## Part B

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
11. Define consumer price index number.
12. Solve $x^{2}+10 x+21=0$
13. If $U=\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ and $A=\{2,4,5\}$ Find $A^{c}$
14. Sum of Three terms of a G.P is 35 and product is 1000 . Find the terms.
15. Using Venn diagram represent
a) $A \cup B$
b) $A \cap B$
16. What do you mean by Pie diagram?
17. Which term of the series $-2,0,2,4$ $\qquad$ is 102 ?
18. Find the value of the determinant

| 2 | 3 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 2 | 6 |
| 6 | 3 | 9 |

19. For what period will ` 85,000 amounts to \(` 1,57,675\) at $4.5 \%$ per annum simple interest?
20. What is statistical Investigation?
( $8 \times 2=16$ Marks)

## PART C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
21. Find quartile deviation

| Size | $:$ | 5 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 19 | 20 | 32 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | $:$ | 3 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 8 | 7 | 6 |

22. Solve the equation $4 x^{2}-\sqrt{ } 3 x+1 / 4=0$
23. Find the sum of all natural numbers between 200 and 400 which are divisible by 4
24. Solve the equation by Crammer's rule $2 x-3 y=3$ and $4 x-y=11$
25. Write a short note about the methods of measuring trend.
26. Let $\mathrm{A}=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}2 & 3 & -4 \\ 6 & 7 & 8\end{array}\right] \mathrm{B}=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}6 & -3 & 2 \\ 5 & 0 & 8\end{array}\right]$ Find 4A - 3B
27. Using the method of least squares find the trend values

| Year | $:$ | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit | $:$ | 60 | 72 | 75 | 65 | 80 | 85 | 95 |

28. What are the limitations of diagram in statistics?
( $6 \times 4=24$ Marks )

## Part D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.
29. Draw Ogive curve from the following data and represent median.

| Class limits | $:$ | $5-9$ | $10-14$ | $15-19$ | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35-39$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | $:$ | 8 | 15 | 18 | 30 | 16 | 12 | 6 |

30. Calculate S.D. from the following data.

| Class limits | $:$ | $0-5$ | $5-10$ | $10-15$ | $15-20$ | $20-25$ | $25-30$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | $:$ | 6 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 12 | 9 |

31. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 3\end{array}\right]$ Show that $A(\operatorname{adj} A)=(\operatorname{adj} A) A$
