18IT	U 155 (Pages: 2)	Name:
100	(1811)	Reg. No
]	FIRST SEMESTER B.Voc. DEGREE EXAMINATION	=
	(Regular/Supplementary/Improvemen	
	CC18U SDC1 BA01 – BUSINESS ANAL (General Course - Information Technology)	
	(2018 Admission onwards)	617
Time:	e : Three Hours	Maximum: 80 Marks
	PART A	
	Answer <i>all</i> questions. Each question carries	1 mark.
1.		
2.	If two events A and B are not mutually exclusive, then $P(A \text{ or } B) =$	
3.	The sum of the probabilities over all possible outcomes must be	
4.	pruning removes branches from a "Fully grown" tree.	
5.	. No of types of R objects that are present in R data type is	
6.	is the process of deriving high-quality information from text.	
7 helps data analysts within large enterprises gauge public opinion, con		uge public opinion, conduct
	nuanced market research, monitor brand and product repu	tation, and understand
	customer experiences.	
8.	The hypothesis that the analyst is attempting to prove is called	
9.	9. The problem of finding hidden structures in unlabeled data is called	
10 sampling involves selecting items from a population so that every su		ulation so that every subset
	of a given size has an equal chance of being selected.	
		$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
	PART B	
	Answer any <i>eight</i> questions. Each question carri	les 2 marks.
11.	1. Define Data Frames in R.	
12.	2. What is business intelligence?	
13.	3. What is histogram?	
14.	4. What is Google analytics?	
15.	5. Define normal distribution.	

16. What is prepruning?

17. What is business analytics?

19. What is hypothesis testing?

18. What are the advantages of R?

- 20. Explain pivot tables and its uses.
- 21. Define density-reachability.
- 22. Define Naïve Bayesian classification.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

PART C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. What is sampling? Explain different sampling methods.
- 24. Compare agglomerative versus divisive hierarchical clustering.
- 25. Define K-mean clustering. How does K-mean algorithm work?
- 26. Explain four V's of big data.
- 27. What is Chart in MS-Excel? Why is it important to you?
- 28. Explain types of data.
- 29. Explain click analytics.
- 30. What is the use of HLOOKUP and VLOOKUP? How do we use it?
- 31. Explain mobile analytics.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

PART D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. a) What is Market Basket Analysis?
 - b) Explain FP growth with example. What are the advantages of FP growth over Apriori?
- 33. a) Explain Apriori algorithm with example.
 - b) How association rules are generated from frequent itemsets?
- 34. Explain:
 - a) String manipulation in R.
 - b) Applications of R.
- 35. a) How can you format a cell? What are the options?
 - b) What is IF function in Microsoft Excel?

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$
