23U339

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(CUCBCSS-(Regular/Supplementar **CC17U BCP3 B11 - COS**

> (Core Cou (2017 Admission

Time: Three Hours

Part I

Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 1 mark. 1. The method of costing uses in transport industries: (a) Operating costing (b) Operation costing (c) Contract costing (d) Unit costing 2. Which of the following costs do not change in accordance with the level of production? (b) Variable cost (c) Fixed costs (d) Historical cost 3. Which of the following inventory control techniques is mainly using for control of spare

- (a) Step cost
- parts?
 - (a) Imprest system (b) ABC analysis
- 4. EOQ refers to:
 - (a) Economic Order Quantity
 - (c) Employment Order Quantity
- 5. The process of allocation and apportionment of overheads to other departments is:
 - (a) Departmentalization of overheads
 - (c) Codification of overheads
- 6. The aggregate of all direct costs is known as -----
- 7. ----- is the part of an organization for which costs are ascertained
- 8. ----- is the quantitative record maintained by the stores department to record receipt and issue of materials.
- 10. The rate of change in the composition of the labour force in an organization is known as -

Part II (Short Answer Questions) Answer any *eight* questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What is time booking?
- 12. What is marginal costing?

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	Maximum: 80 Marks

(c) VED analysis (d) JIT system

(b) Environment Order Quantity

(d) Effective Order Quantity

(b) Classification of overheads

(d) None of the above

9. ----- is the technique of costing in which actual cost is compared with the target cost

$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

Turn Over

13. What is EOQ?

14. What is differential costing?

15. What is spoilage of materials?

- 16. What is absorption of overheads?
- 17. What is Halsey incentive plan?
- 18. What is cost sheet?
- 19. Mention any four objectives of inventory control
- 20. What is Bill of Materials?

$(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

Part III

Answer any *six* questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. Distinguish between stores ledger and bin card
- 22. Find out EOQ and the number of orders to be placed in a year

Quarterly consumption of materials- 2000 kg

Cost of placing one order- 50

Cost per unit-40

Storage cost- 8% of inventory cost

- 23. Explain the steps in purchase of materials
- 24. From the following information, calculate earnings of each worker under Rowan plan

Standard time allowed-10 hours

Actual time taken:

Worker A - 12 hours

Worker B - 10 Hours

Worker C - 7 hours

Hourly rate of wages - 2

25. What do you mean by inventory control and what are the techniques?

26. Calculate minimum stock level, maximum stock level and re ordering level from the following information.

Minimum consumption - 100 units per day

Maximum consumption - 150 units per day

Normal consumption - 120 units per day

Reorder period - 10-15 days

Reorder quantity - 1500 units

Normal reorder period - 12 days

27. What are the differences between integrated accounting and non-integrated accounting?

Part IV

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Explain various elements of costs.
- 30. Show the stores ledger entries under LIFO method 2024 April 1st- opening balance 500 tonnes @ Rs. 200

3rd- issue 70 tonnes

4th- issue 100 tonnes

- 8th- received from supplier 200 tonnes @ Rs. 190
- 14th- returned from department A 15 tonnes @ Rs. 200
- 16th- issue 180 tonnes
- 20th- received from supplier 240 tonnes @ Rs 195
- 24th- issued 320 tonnes
- 25th- showed a shortage of 10 tonnes
- 29th- refund of surplus from department A issued on 14th April
- 31. The following particulars relate to processing machine treating a typical material: Cost of machine - 10000 Estimated life - 10 years

Scrap value - 1000

- Yearly working time (50 weeks of 44 hours each) 2200 hours
- Machine maintenance 200 hours p.a.

Setting up time estimated at 5% of total productive time and is regarded as productive time Electricity is 16 units per hour at 10 paise per unit

- Chemical required weekly Rs. 20
- Maintenance cost per year 1200
- combined weekly wages are Rs. 140

Departmental overhead allocated to this machine per annum Rs. 2000 You are required to calculate the machine hour rate.

23U339

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

Two attendants control the operations of machine together with 6 other machines. Their

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$