23U371

(Pages: 2)

Name:

Reg.No:

THIRD SEMESTER B.Voc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024

(CBCSS - UG)

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

CC21U SDC3 PT08 - PROBABILITY THEORY

(Information Technology)

(2021 Admission onwards)

Time: 2.00 Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

Credit : 3

Part A (Short answer questions)

Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. State statistical definition of probability.
- 2. What are the axioms of probability?
- 3. State the multiplication theorem.
- 4. Define a random variable.
- 5. Define probability density function.
- 6. State the properties of probability density function.
- 7. Show that $V(aX) = a^2 V(X)$.
- 8. Define characteristic function of a random variable.
- 9. What do you mean by kurtosis?
- 10. Write the properties of joint probability density function.
- 11. Define statistical independence of two random variables.
- 12. What do you mean by conditional expectation?

(Ceiling: 20 Marks)

Part B (Short essay questions - Paragraph)

Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 13. The diameter of an electric cable, say X, is assumed to be a continuous random variable with pdf, $f(x) = 6x(1-x), \ 0 \le x \le 1.$ Compute $P\left(X \le \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{1}{3} \le X \le \frac{2}{3}\right).$
- ^{14.} A problem in Statistics is given to three students A, B and C whose chances of solving it are $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ respectively. What is the probability that the problem will be solved if all of them try independently?
- 15. If the cumulative distribution function of X is F(x), find the cumulative distribution function of (i) Y = X + a, (ii) Y = aX.

16. If X has the pdf $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \le x \le 1; \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$

Find the pdf of $-2 \log X$.

- 17. State and explain the properties of expectation.
- 18. A two dimentional random variable (X,Y) have the joint density f(x,y) = 8xy, 0 < x < y < 1= 0, otherwise the marginal and conditional distribution of X and Y.
- 19. In two independent random variables X and Y show that $M_{X+Y}(t) = M_X(t)M_Y(t)$

(Ceiling: 30 Marks)

Part C (Essay questions)

Answer any one question. The question carries 10 marks.

20. State and establish Baye's theorem for a countable number of events.

21. If $f(x) = ke^{-|x|}, -\infty < x < \infty$ is the pdf of a random variable X. Find

- (a) *k*
- (b) Mean
- (c) Standard deviation
- (d) mgf.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
