22U5114

(Pages: 2)

Name:

Reg.No:

FIFTH SEMESTER B.Voc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024

(CBCSS - UG)

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

CC21U SDC5 AI17 - ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

(Information Technology - Skill Component Course)

(2021 Admission onwards)

Time : 2.00 Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

Credit : 3

Part A (Short answer questions) Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Briefly describe the term "machine learning" in the context of AI.
- 2. Explain the difference between weak AI and strong AI.
- 3. Identify one advantage of using heuristics in informed search strategies.
- 4. Identify one challenge of searching with partial observations.
- 5. List two examples of CSPs.
- 6. Briefly describe the minimax algorithm used in game playing.
- 7. Define First Order Predicate Logic (FOPL).
- 8. Briefly explain how Prolog handles logical queries.
- 9. Define forward chaining in AI.
- 10. What is default reasoning?
- 11. Identify the common tasks performed in natural language processing.
- 12. List the basic data types in LISP.

(Ceiling: 20 Marks)

Part B (Short essay questions - Paragraph) Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 13. Describe the difference between uninformed and informed search strategies in AI.
- 14. Analyse the importance of abstraction in problem-solving methods and how it simplifies complex problems.
- 15. Explain the importance of ontologies in AI for structuring knowledge.
- 16. Explain how events and objects are represented in knowledge-based systems.
- 17. Summarize the differences between supervised and unsupervised learning in neural networks.

- 18. Explain how AI is used in healthcare diagnostics.
- 19. Explain the concept of backtracking in Prolog's search mechanism.

(Ceiling: 30 Marks)

Part C (Essay questions)

Answer any one question. The question carries 10 marks.

- 20. Describe the minimax algorithm and explain how it is applied in game-playing AI.
- 21. Interpret the concept of artificial general intelligence (AGI) and explain how it differs from narrow AI.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
