22U607

(Pages: 2)

Name :....

Reg. No :

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

(CBCSS-UG)

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

CC19U PHY6 B10 / CC20U PHY6 B10 - THERMODYNAMICS

(Physics - Core Course)

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

Credit: 3

Part A (Short answer questions) Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. What is meant by microscopic point of view?
- 2. Define temperature.
- 3. Distinguish between adiabatic work and diathermic work.
- 4. What is meant by heat capacity?
- 5. Draw Pv versus P graph at constant temperature in the range of boiling point of water.
- 6. Write down the mayers relation and explain the symbols used.
- 7. What is heat engine?
- 8. Express entropy change of ideal gas in terms of temperature and pressure.
- 9. What is external mechanical irreversibility process?
- 10. What is the significance of thermodynanmic potential?
- 11. Write down the four Maxwells relationships.
- 12. What is triple point?

(Ceiling: 20 Marks)

Part B (Short essay questions - Paragraph) Answer *all* questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 13. Distinguish between heat and work.
- 14. Distinguish between Reversible and Irreversible process.
- 15. The efficiency of a ideal engine is 0.2. If the temperature of the sink is lowered by 20°C, the efficiency becomes 0.25. Find the temperature of the source and sink.
- 16. Derive the expression for the change in entropy of a perfect gas.

- 17. Derive an expression for the entropy of ideal gas in terms of temperature and volume.
- 18. Discuss the first order phase transition in detail.
- 19. Explain the Clausius Clapeyron equation and phase diagrams.

(Ceiling: 30 Marks)

Part C (Essay questions)

Answer any *one* question. The question carries 10 marks.

- 20. What do you mean by Quasi static adiabatic process. Obtain an expression for equation of state interms of (P, V), (P, T) and (T, V)
- 21. Discuss the theory of Thermodynamic scale of temperature. Show that the ideal gas temperature and the thermodynamic temperature scale are numerically equal

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
