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Name.....

Reg. No.....

## TH SEMESTER B.C.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2015

(UG-CCSS)

Core Course

# CA 5B 07—DATA COMMUNICATION AND MOBILE COMPUTING

Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

#### Section I

Answer all questions.

- A communication link capable of transmitting in both direction, but not at the same time is
  - gives a relation between channel capacity and bandwidth.
- the digital version of FM is ———.
  - we one error correction technique.
  - an example of guided media.
  - an example for full duplex system.
  - ——— media gives complete electrical isolation.

standard.

- (a) TDMA.
  - (b) CDMA.
- (c) FDMA.

- (d) None of these.
- \_\_\_\_\_, the multiple users are not interleaved in time on a given channel.
  - (a) TDMA.

(b) CDMA.

(c) FDMA.

(d) None of these.

two new nodes introduced in GPRS standard is SGSN and ———.

Frequency is inversely proportional to ———.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{4} = 3 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Section II

Answer all nine questions.

What is a full duplex system?

What is PWM?

- 15. What is a twisted pair?
- 16. Give one advantage of CDMA over TDMA.
- 17. Give one advantage of CRC over parity.
- 18. Give the two serial transmission schemes.
- 19. What are the different basic digital modulation schemes.
- 20. What is STDM?
- 21. Give one advantage of coaxial cable over twisted pair.

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weig})$ 

#### Section III

## Answer any five questions.

- 22. Explain CRC.
- 23. What is PCM?
- 24. Explain FDM?
- 25. Write a note on three-tier architecture GSM.
- 26. What is CD MA?
- 27. Write notes on applications of GPRS in modern communication. What are its limitations?
- 28. Give an overview of WAP.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weig})$ 

#### Section IV

### Answer any two questions.

- 29. What are the different types of multiplexing schemes?
- 30. Write notes on GSM technology. Compare it with CD MA.
- 31. Give notes on guided media. Compare them.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weight$