C 8307	0	(Pages : 3)			Name	
					Reg. No	
	SECO	ND SEMESTER B.A	. DEGREE	EXAMINATIO	ON, MAY 2015 61	
			CUCBCSS-UC	})		
		Con	nplementary Co	ourse		
ICP 1C 0	1 and I		NSTITUTION A		: BASIC FEATURES AND	
Time : Thre	ee Hour	s the state of the state of the			Maximum: 80 Marks	
		Answers may be writte	n either in En	glish or in Mala		
		Answer questions				
	n × 9)	An	Objective Typeswer all question carries	ons.	Tree The upper chamb	
		(europeling), it	PART I			
			se the correct ar	iswer.		
1.	Founde	er of Arya Samaj:				
		Rajaram Mohan Roy.	(b) S	Swami Dayanan	da.	
		Annie Besant.	(d) 7		Y America a pomerno	
2.		the following leaders was	s not belonged t	to the stream of	Moderate Nationalism:	
		Naoroji.	(b) I	Ranade.	nottald element Maderate Matton	
		Gokhale.	(d) T			
3.		esident of the Constitute			16. Secialist State.	
		B.R. Ambedkar.	(b) J	awaharlal Nehr	u.	
		Rajendra Prasad.	(d) I	K.M.Munshi.		
Fill	in the bl					
4.		part of the Constituti		undamental Du	ties.	
		s 25 to 28 deal with the R				
6.	The di Constit	rect source of inspiration.			State policy was	
					$(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks})$	
			PART II			
7.	The first	st Prime Minister of India				
	(a)	Rajendra Prasad.	(b) E	B.R. Ambedkar.		

(d) Mahathma Gandhi.

(c) Jawaharlal Nehru.

8. The resignation of the President of Indi	a shall be addressed to the:	
8. The resignation of the President of Indi	(b) Vice-President.	SECON
(a) Prime Minister. (c) Chief Justice.	(d) Speaker of Lok Sabha.	
9. 'The Prime Minister is the key-stone	of the cabinet arch'. Who said?	
(a) Lord Morley.	(d) Hardgrave.	
(c) Austin.	(4)	
Fill in the blanks:	a 41 Angle Indian community	in the Lok Sabha.
10 seats have been reserved	for the Anglo-Indian community	Aggregation
11. Judges of the Supreme Court retire	on attaining the age of	
12. The upper chamber of the State Leg	gislature is known as	$(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ ma})$
		(8 x 72 = 8 me
Section B (Very	Short Answer Questions)	
Answer any five gu	iestions each from each part.	
Each quest	tion carries 2 marks.	
Answers shall	not exceed 30 words each.	
Fitter.	PART I	and (c) Ann
13. A.O. Hume.		of entity spirits
St. Co. Para		
and the second s		
	t of the Constitution Assembly w	
16. Socialist State.		
17. Right to Property.	(a) (b) beauty state (b) (d)	
18. Social Justice.		$(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ r}$
	t of the Constitution deals with F	180
	PART II	5. Articles 25 to
19. Ordinance.		
20. Composition of Council Minister	s.	
21. Speaker of Lok Sabha.		
22. Electoral functions of State Legi	slative Assembly.	The first Percent
23. Court of Record.		
T. I. S. I. A. Alierian		Accept (a)
24. Judicial Activism.		$(5 \times 2 = 10$

Section C (Short Essays)

Answer any three questions from each part.

Each question carries 5 marks.

Answers should not exceed 100 words each.

62

PART I

- 25. Discuss the significance of the Objectives Resolution.
- 26. Examine critically the Right to freedom.
- 27. Bring out the differences between Directive Principles and Fundamental Rights.
- 28. Present the important Fundamental Duties prescribed by the Constitution.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$

PART II

- 29. Describe the Emergency powers of the President of India.
- 30. Examine the nature of the relationship between Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha.
- 31. Review the position of the Governor of an Indian State.
- 32. Summarise the powers and functions of the Legislative Assembly.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essays Questions)

Answer any one question from each part.

Each question carries 12 marks.

Answers should not exceed 400 words each.

PART I

- 33. Outline the characteristic features of the Constitution of India.
- 34. Briefly explain the process of Constitutional Development in India.

 $(1 \times 12 = 12 \text{ marks})$

PART II

- 35. Assess the role and position of the Prime Minister of India.
- 36. Write an essay on the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India.

 $(1 \times 12 = 12 \text{ marks})$