

## SECOND SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CBCSS-UG)

## CC19U MTS2 B02 : CALCULUS OF SINGLE VARIABLE - I

(Mathematics - Core Course)

(2019 Admission - Regular)

Time: 2.5 Hrs

Max. Marks: 80

Credit: 4

## Section - A

## I. Short answer questions. Each question carries 2 mark

1. Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{x^2-x-6}$
2. Find  $f(x)$  if  $f(x+1) = 2x^2 + 7x + 4$
3. Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{x+2} - 2}{x-2}$
4. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan 2x}{3x}$
5. Let the functions  $f$  and  $g$  are continuous at  $a$ . Prove that the function  $f+g$  is continuous at  $a$ .
6. Find the rate of change of  $y = \sqrt{2x}$  with respect to  $x$  at  $x = 2$ .
7. Find the differential of the function  $f(x) = 2 \sin x + 3 \cos x$  at the point  $x = \pi/4$
8. Find the linearization of  $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2$  at  $a = 1$
9. Define absolute minimum at a point and the minimum value. Explain it with a map.
10. Find the interval on which  $f(x) = x \sin x + \cos x$ ,  $0 < x < 2\pi$  is increasing or decreasing.
11. Give the precise definition of infinite limit.
12. Find the vertical asymptote of the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$
13. Evaluate the definite integral  $\int_0^4 \sqrt{16-x^2} dx$  by interpreting it geometrically.

14. What do you mean by solid of revolution? Explain with an example.
15. Find the center of mass of a system of three objects located at the points  $-3, -1$  and  $4$ , on the  $x$ -axis ( $x$  in meters), with masses  $2, 4$  and  $6$  kilograms respectively.

(Ceiling: 25 Marks)

**Section - B**

**II. Paragraph questions. Each question carries 5 marks**

16. Let  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 2$ 
  - (a) Find  $f'(x)$
  - (b) What is the slope of the tangent line to the graph of  $f$  at  $x = 2$ ?
  - (c) How fast  $f$  is changing at  $x = 1$ ?
17. Let  $s(t) = \frac{1}{t+1}$  be position of a body moving along a coordinate line. Find the position, velocity and acceleration of the body at  $t = 0$ .
18. Find the intervals where the graph of  $f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 + 12$  is concave upward and the intervals where it is concave downward.
19. Using Riemann sum find the area of the region under the graph of  $f(x) = 2x + 1$  on  $[0, 2]$  by choosing  $C_k$  as the left end point.
20. Suppose that  $f$  is continuous on  $[-a, a]$ . Then show that
  - (a) If  $f$  is even, then  $\int_{-a}^a f(x)dx = 2 \int_0^a f(x)dx$
  - (b) If  $f$  is odd, then  $\int_{-a}^a f(x)dx = 0$ .
21. Find the length of the graph  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{4x}$  on the interval  $[1, 3]$
22. Evaluate  $\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} f(x)dx$ , where

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ \cos x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

23. A tank has the shape of an inverted right circular cone with a base of radius  $5$  ft and a height of  $12$  ft. If the tank is filled with water to a height of  $8$  ft, find the work required to empty the tank by pumping the water over the top of the tank

(Ceiling: 35 Marks)

**Section - C**

**III. Essay questions. Answer any two questions**

24. State and prove the Mean Value Theorem
25. Sketch the graph of the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + \sin x}$
26. State and prove both Part 1 and Part 2 of Fundamental theorem of Calculus.
27. Find the area in the first quadrant that is bounded above by the curve  $y^2 = x$  and below by the  $x$ -axis and the line  $y = x - 2$  by integrating (i) with respect to  $x$  (ii)  $y$

(2 × 10 = 20 Marks)

\*\*\*\*\*