

20U301

(Pages: 2)

Name:.....

Reg. No:

THIRD SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CBCSS - UG)

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

CC19U MTS3 B03 - CALCULUS OF SINGLE VARIABLE - 2

(Mathematics - Core Course)

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : 2.5 Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Credit: 4

Part A (Short answer questions)

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Show that the functions $\{f(x)=e^{2x}\}$ and $\{g(x)=\ln \sqrt{x}\}$ are inverses of each other.
2. Evaluate $\{\int 2^{-x} dx\}$.
3. Find the derivative of $\{f(x)=(x+\cos x)^{\sqrt{2}}\}$.
4. Evaluate $\{\int_{-1}^{\infty} e^{-x} dx\}$
5. List the terms of the sequence $\{\frac{n+1}{2n-1}\}$
6. Determine whether the series $\{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)^{n-1}\}$ converges or diverges.
7. Determine whether the series $\{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4}\}$ converges or diverges.
8. State root test for series.
9. Find the radius of convergence and the interval of convergence of the power series $\{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (nx)^n\}$.
10. Describe the curves represented by the parametric equations $\{x = \cos\theta + 1\}$ and $\{y = \sin\theta - 2\}$, with parameter interval $\{[0, 2\pi]\}$.
11. The point $\{(6, 3\pi)\}$ is given in polar coordinates. Find its representation in rectangular coordinates.
12. Find the distance between the point $\{(-2, 1, 3)\}$ and the plane $\{2x-3y+z=1\}$.
13. Find an equation in spherical coordinates for the cylinder with rectangular equation $\{x^2+y^2=9\}$.
14. Find the domain of the parameter $\{t\}$ of the vector function $\{\overline{\gamma}(t)=\left\langle \frac{1}{t}, \sqrt{t-1}, \ln t \right\rangle\}$.
15. Give the expression for normal scalar component of acceleration $\{a_N\}$ on the curve $\{\overline{\gamma}(t)\}$.

(Ceiling: 25 Marks)**Part B (Paragraph questions)**Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

16. Find the derivative of $y = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{2x-4}}{(x+1)^2}$ using logarithmic differentiation.
17. Find the derivative of $y = 2x \coth^{-1} 2x - \ln \sqrt{1-4x^2}$.
18. Use limit comparison test to determine whether the series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^5-1}}$ is convergent or not.
19. Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{n}}$ is absolutely convergent or not.
20. Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$, if $x = t^2 - 4$ and $y = t^3 - 3t$.
21. Find all the points of intersection of the curves $r = 2$ and $r = 4 \cos 2\theta$.
22. Find parametric equations for the tangent line to the helix with parametric equations $(x = 3 \cos t, y = 2 \sin t, z = t)$ at $t = \frac{\pi}{6}$.
23. An object moves with a constant speed. Show that the velocity and acceleration vectors associated with this motion are orthogonal.

(Ceiling: 35 Marks)

Part C (Essay questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

24. Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{x \left(9 + (\ln x)^2 \right)} dx$.
25. (a) Find an approximation of the sum of the series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n)!}$ accurate to two decimal places.
 (b) Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n}{3n-1}$ converges or diverges.
26. Evaluate $\int e^{-x^2} dx$.
 Find the arc length function $(S(t))$ for the circle (C) in the plane described by $\overline{\gamma}(t) = 2 \cos t; \bar{i} + 2 \sin t; \bar{j}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$. Then find a parametrization of (C) in terms of (S) .

(2 × 10 = 20 Marks)
