

20U464

(Pages: 2)

Name: .....

Reg No: .....

FOURTH SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

(CBCSS-UG)

CC19U SKT4 A10 - SAMSKRITSAHITYASAMIKSHA - IV

(HISTORY OF SANSKRIT LITERATURE, KERALA CULTURE AND  
TRANSLATION)

(Sanskrit- Common Course)

(2019 Admission -Regular)

Time: 2 ½ Hours.

Maximum: 80 Marks

Credit: 4

(Answer may be written in Sanskrit, English or in Malayalam.

In writing Sanskrit Devanagari script should be used.)

I. लघु खण्डिकया उत्तरं लिखत ।

(Write Short notes – 15 questions, carries 2 marks each)

1. Which is the first ornate poetry? Who is its author?
2. Who is known as Keralakalidasa? Why?
3. 'महत्वात् भारवत्वाच्च महाभारतमुच्यते' Explain.
4. Give a brief account of Raghunathabhyudaya.
5. What is the double significance of the title "Narayaniyam" written by Melputhur Narayanabhatta.?
6. Name the Mahakavys written by Ramapanivada.
7. Which are the four Abhinayas?
8. Write a short note on Purvabharathachampu.
9. Write the names of any two Mahakavyas based on Mahabharatha.
10. Write about the historical poem written by Gangadevi.
11. Who wrote a Champukavya to teach the tenants of Jainism? What is the title of the Champu?
12. Write a small description about Nangyarkuthu.
13. Write the names of any two Sanskrit works of Sree Narayana Guru.
14. Which work is used to stage Krishnanattam? Who is the author?
15. Translate to English or Malayalam

पयः पानं भुजङ्गानां केवलं विषवर्धनम् ।

उपदेशो हि मूर्खाणां प्रकोपाय न शान्तये ॥

(Ceiling: 25 Marks)

## II. एकया खण्डिकया उत्तरं लिखत ।

(Write Short notes in a Paragraph, 8 questions, carries 5 marks each)

16. Importance of Keralodaya.
17. Influence of Ramayana on later literature.
18. Nilakanthavijayachampu.
19. Sanskrit works of Swathithirunal.
20. Chakyarkoothu.
21. Ramayanachampu.
22. Translate to English or Malayalam

पुरा चन्द्रवंशयो दुष्यन्तो नाम राजा मृगयां कर्तुं कदाचित् ससैन्यो वनमियाय। तत्र च कमपि हरिणमनुधावन् महर्षेः कण्वस्याश्रमं विवेश । तदा कण्वः आश्रमे नासीत् । परं तस्य कृतकदुहिता शकुन्तला राजानमुचितेन सत्कारेण पूजयामास । राजर्षेः विश्वामित्रस्य मेनकायामुत्पन्नां तामात्मनो अनुरूपां मत्वा राजा तां परिणेतुकामो बभूव ।

23. Translate to Sanskrit.

Aja ruled the country well. After the death of his wife, he lost interest in life. Dasaratha went to the forest for hunting. In the evening he reached the bank of the river Thamasa. He heard a sound similar to the trumpet of an elephant.

(Ceiling: 35 Marks)

## III. द्वयोरुत्तरं लिखत ।

(Write essays on any *two*, carries 10 marks each)

24. Contributions of Sankaracharya to Sanskrit literature.
25. Development of Kutiyattam as classical performing arts of Kerala.
26. The three stages in the development of Mahabharatha.
27. Importance of Mushakavamsha as a Historical Kavya.

(2 × 10 = 20 Marks)

\*\*\*\*\*