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FIRST SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022 (CUCBCSS-UG)

CC15U MAT1 C01 / CC18U MAT1 C01 - MATHEMATICS

(Mathematics Complementary course)

(2015 to 2018 Admissions - Supplementary/Improvement)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

PART A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark

- 1. $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{f(x) 5}{x 2} = 10$ then $\lim_{x \to 2} f(x) = ...$
- 2. State Sandwich theorem.
- 3. A function f is continuous at an interior point x = c of its domain if $\lim_{x \to c} f(x) = \cdots$
- 4. The slope of the curve $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$ at x = 2 equals...
- 5. At any time t, the position of a moving particle along s -axis is $s = t^3 3t^2 + 5t 1$. What is its velocity when t = 5.
- 6. Find the point of inflection of the curve $y = (x 2)^3 + 1$
- 7. How fast the area of a circle change with its radius, when radius is 5cm?
- 8. Find the second derivative of $f(x) = 2x^5 + 7x^2 5x + 3$.
- 9. Evaluate $\sum_{k=1}^{4} (-1)^{k+1} \sin k\pi$
- 10. Find the norm of the partition {0, 0.2, 0.45, 0.75, 1.5, 2.3, 3}
- 11. If f(x) = -5 on [-2, -1], then evaluate $\int_{-2}^{-1} f(x) dx$.
- 12. Evaluate the integral $\int_0^{\pi} \cos^2 x \, dx$

 $(12 \times 1 = 12 \text{ Marks})$

PART B

Answer any *nine* questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Evaluate $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+x} \sqrt{3}}{x}$
- 14. Prove that $\lim_{x \to x_0} k = k$ by using the definition of limit.
- 15. Find the linearization of $f(x) = x^2 2x + 5$ at x = 1.
- 16. Find an equation for the tangent of the curve $y = (x 1)^2 + 1$ at the point (1,1).
- 17. Find absolute maximum and minimum values of $f(x) = x^3 3x$ on [-2,5].
- 18. Show that |x| is not differentiable at x = 0.
- 19. Find the slope of tangent to the curve $k(x) = \frac{1}{2+x}$ at x = -2.
- 20. Verify Rolle's theorem for the function $f(x) = x^3 9x$ in the interval [0, 3].
- 21. Evaluate $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 \cos x}{x + x^2}$.

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- 22. If $r(x) = x^3 3x^2 + 12x$ gives the dollar revenue from selling x candies, $5 \le x \le 25$. What is the marginal revenue? What is the increase in revenue that will result from selling one additional unit if 12 candies are already sold?
- 23. Find the average value of $f(x) = 3x^2 3$ on [0, 1].
- 24. Evaluate $\int_{-2}^{2} 3x^3 \sqrt{x^4 + 1} \, dx$.

(9 × 2 = 18 Marks)

PART C

Answer any *six* questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 25. Is there a real number that is one less than its fifth power?
- 26. Find the equations of all lines having slope -1 that are tangent to the curve $y = \frac{1}{x-1}$.
- 27. Find intervals on which the function $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 36x + 7$ is decreasing and increasing.
- 28. Find all derivatives of the function $y = x^4 4x^3 + 10x 5$.
- 29. An object is dropped from the top of a 100 m high tower. Its height above after t seconds is $(100 4.9t^2)m$. How fast is it falling 2 seconds after it is dropped?
- 30. Verify Mean Value theorem for the function f(x) = x(x-1)(x-2) on $\left[0, \frac{1}{2}\right]$.
- 31. The diameter of a sphere is measured as 100 ± 1 cm and the volume is calculated from this measurement. Estimate the percentage error in the volume calculation.
- 32. Show that the value of $\int_0^1 \sqrt{1 + \cos x} \, dx$ cannot possibly be 2.
- 33. Find the area of the region enclosed by the parabola $x = y^2$ and the line x = y + 2.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

PART D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 34. a) If $f(x) = 4 x^2$, $x_0 = -1$, $\varepsilon = 0.5$ and L = 3, find $\delta > 0$ such that $0 < |x - x_0| < \delta \implies |f(x) - L| < \varepsilon$.
 - b) For what values of *a*, is $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 1, x < 3 \\ 2ax, x \ge 3 \end{cases}$ is continuous at every *x*?
- 35. a) For what values of *a*, is $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 1, & x < 3 \\ 2ax, & x \ge 3 \end{cases}$ is continuous at every *x*?
 - b) Verify Mean Value Theorem for the function $f(x) = \log x$ on the interval [1, e].
- 36. *a*) Using Riemann sum, evaluate $\int_a^b x \, dx$.
 - b) The solid lies between planes perpendicular to the x- axis at x = -1 and x = 1. The cross-sections perpendicular to x- axis are squares with sides run from the semicircle $y = -\sqrt{1 x^2}$ to the semicircle $y = \sqrt{1 x^2}$. Find the volume of the solid.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$
