

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2025

(CBCSS-UG)

(Regular/Supplementary/Improvement)

CC19U MTS6 B12 / CC20U MTS6 B12 - CALCULUS OF MULTIVARIABLE

(Mathematics - Core Course)

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: 2.5 Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Credit: 4

Part A (Short answer questions)Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- Find and sketch the domain of the function $f(x, y) = \frac{\ln(x + y + 1)}{y - x}$.
- Determine where the function $f(x, y) = \ln(2x - y)$ is continuous.
- Find the first partial derivatives of the function $f(x, y) = x\sqrt{y}$.
- Find f_x if $f(x, y, z) = x^2y + y^2z + xz$.
- Let $w = x^2y + y^2z^3$, where $x = r \cos s$, $y = r \sin s$, $z = re^s$. Find the value of $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ when $r = 1$, $s = 0$.
- Suppose f is a differentiable at the point (x, y) . Then prove that the maximum value of $D_u f(x, y)$ is $|\nabla f(x, y)|$, and this occurs when u has the same direction as $\nabla f(x, y)$.
- Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^2 (x + 2y) dy dx$
- Evaluate $\int \int_R xy dA$ where $R = \{(x, y) : -1 \leq x \leq 2, -x^2 \leq y \leq 1 + x^2\}$.
- Using polar coordinates evaluate $\int \int_R 3y dA$, where R is the disk of radius 2 centered at the origin.
- Evaluate $\int_1^4 \int_0^1 \int_0^2 z^2 dx dy dz$
- Find the jacobian of the transformation T defined by $x = e^u \cos 2v$, $y = e^u \sin 2v$.
- Find the gradient vector field of $f(x, y) = x^2y - y^3$.
- Find the curl of $F(x, y, z) = -y\hat{i} + x\hat{j}$.
- Identify the surface represented by $r(u, v) = 2 \cos u \hat{i} + 2 \sin u \hat{j} + v \hat{k}$ with parameter domain $D = \{(u, v) | 0 \leq u \leq 2\pi, 0 \leq v \leq 3\}$.
- State Stokes' Theorem.

(Ceiling: 25 Marks)

Part B (Paragraph questions)

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

16. Let $z = 2x^2 - xy$.
(i) Find the differential dz .
(ii) Compute the value of dz if (x, y) changes from $(1, 1)$ to $(0.98, 1.03)$.
17. Find equations of the tangent plane and normal line to the ellipsoid with equation $4x^2 + y^2 + 4z^2 = 16$ at the point $(1, 2, \sqrt{2})$.
18. Find the moments of inertia with respect to the x -axis of a thin homogeneous disk of mass m and radius a centered at the origin with $\rho(x, y) = \frac{m}{\pi a^2}$.
19. Find the area of that part of the plane $y + z = 2$ inside the cylinder $x^2 + z^2 = 1$.
20. Let $F(x, y) = -\frac{1}{8}(x - y)\hat{i} - \frac{1}{8}(x + y)\hat{j}$ represents a force field. Find the work done on a particle that moves along the quarter-circle of radius 1 centered at the origin in a counterclockwise direction from $(1, 0)$ to $(0, 1)$.
21. Let $F(x, y) = (2xy^2 + 2y)\hat{i} + (2x^2y + 2x)\hat{j}$.
(a) Show that F is conservative, and find a potential function f such that $F = \nabla f$.
(b) If F is a force field, find the work done by F in moving a particle along any path from $(-1, 1)$ to $(1, 2)$.
22. Using Green's theorem, evaluate $\oint_C (y^2 + \tan x)dx + (x^3 + 2xy + \sqrt{y})dy$, where C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and is oriented in a positive direction.
23. Evaluate $\int_S x dS$, where S is the part of the plane $2x + 3y + z = 6$ that lies in the first octant.

(Ceiling: 35 Marks)

Part C (Essay questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Find the absolute maximum and the absolute minimum values of the function $f(x, y) = xy - x^2$ on the region bounded by the parabola $y = x^2$ and the line $y = 4$.
25. Find the maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x, y) = x^2 - 2y$ subject to $x^2 + y^2 = 9$.
26. Find the center of mass of the solid T of uniform density bounded by the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = z$.
27. Verify Divergence Theorem for the vector field $F(x, y, z) = 2xy\hat{i} - y^2\hat{j} + 3yz\hat{k}$ and the region T bounded by the planes $x = 0, x = 2, y = 0, y = 2, z = 0, z = 2$.

(2 × 10 = 20 Marks)
