Name	 	

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2015

(CUCSS)

Economics

ECO 2C 06-MACRO ECONOMIC THEORY AND POLICY-II

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 36 Weightage

Part A

Answer all questions. Each bunch of four questions carries a weightage of 1.

A. Multiple Choice:

- 1 The elasticity of LM function depends on:
 - (a) The shape and elasticity of money supply curve.
 - (b) Relationship between liquidity preference for transaction motive and changes in income.
 - (c) Expectations regarding future interest rates.
 - (d) All the above.
- 2 In Keynesian theory, holding of money for 'speculative purposes' is termed as:

 - (a) Active Cash Balance. (b) Idle Cash Balance.

 - (c) Real balance effect. (d) Liquidity trap.
- 3 The term NAIRU was put forward by:
 - (a) A. W. Phillips.
- (b) Paul Samuelson.
- (c) Milton Friedman.
- (d) J. R. Hicks.
- 4 The natural rate of unemployment is determined by:
 - (a) Frictional and Cyclical unemployment.
 - (b) Frictional and structural unemployment.
 - (c) Structural and Technological unemployment.
 - (d) Structural and involuntary unemployment.

B. Multiple Choice:

- 5 Who authored the book 'Principles of Political Economy' 1848?
 - (a) Alfred Marshall.
- (b) J. S. Mill.
- (c) David Riccard.
- (d) J. B. Say.

	6	If an e	economy operates below its poten	tial o	output and growth rate, it is termed as:	
		(a)	Depression.	(b).	General Glut.	
		(c)	Stagnation.	(d)	Stagflation.	
	7	7 Which of the following influences money supply positively?				
		(a)	Value of money.	(b)	Interest rate.	
		(c)	Real income.	(d)	All the above.	
	8 The supply of funds available for use either as cash or reserve of the Central bank					
		(a)	Money supply.	(b)	Monetary base.	
		(c)	Demand deposit.	(d)	Total bank deposit.	
C.	Fill	in the	Blanks:			
	9	At the	e natural rate of unemployment,	Phill	ips curve becomes ———.	
	10	If the	money supply function is perfect	tly el	astic, the LM function will be ———.	
	11	The C	Cambridge cash balance approach	h is b	ased on the — function of money.	
	12	In the short-run, a permanently lowering unemployment co-exist with continually inflation is the idea behind ———.				
D.	Sta	ate whe	ether the following statements ar	e Tru	ne or False:	
	13	In Ke	ynesian models, prices are flexib	ole.	2 In Reynesian theory, holding at mone	
	14	Borro	owers at fixed interest rates will l	be hu	rt by inflation.	
	15	Unemployment, which is the outcome of job search by both workers and employers characteristic by imperfect information, is frictional unemployment.				
	16	Bond	is a claim to a time stream of pa	ymer	nts that are fixed in nominal units.	
					$(16 \times \frac{1}{4} = 4 \text{ weig})$	
			P and bearing	Part 1	B el insurvolument le situation sid .	
			Answer an Each question ca			
	17		cally examine Fisher's quantity t			
	18	Write	e a note on 'money neutrality'.		(c) Supplied and Technological	
	19	Defin	ne money multiplier.		(d) Structural and involuntary an	
	20	What	t is meant by value of money and	d pric	e level ?	
	21	State	e Okun's law.			
	22	Wha	t is meant by liquidity trap?			
	23	Disti	inguish between instrument vari	able	and target variable.	

- 24 What is natural rate of unemployment?
- 25 What are the determinants of demand for money?
- 26 Explain Arrow-Debreu model.
- 27 What are the merits of portfolio balance approach to the theory of demand for money?
- 28 Examine Keynes criticism on classicism.
- 29 State Patinkin's real balance effect.
- 30 Distinguish short run and long run Phillips curve.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ weightage})$

Part C

Answer any **three** questions.

Each question carries a weightage of 4.

- 31 Discuss the nature and determinants of demand for money in India.
- 32 Compare and contrast the portfolio balance theory of demand for money and quantity theory of demand for money.
- 33 Critically examine Walras' law.
- 34 What are monetary policies? Bring out their significance to control inflation.
- 35 Illustrate Keynesian approach to quantity theory of money.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ weightage})$