15P311	(Pages:2)	Name
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## THIRD SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2016

(CUCSS - PG) (Chemistry)

# CC15P CH3 C11 - Reagents and Transformations in Organic Chemistry (2015 Admission)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 36 Weightage

#### Section A

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 Weightage)

- 1. What is living polymers? How it is formed?
- 2. Give any two synthetic application of Pb(OAc)<sub>4</sub>
- 3. How DDQ is prepared? Give its synthetic applications.
- 4. Give two methods for generating singlet oxygen.
- 5. Write a method for converting 2-butyne into (a) cis-2-butene (b) trans-2-butene
- 6. Write the structure and synthetic use of Dess Martin periodinane (DMP) reagent.
- 7. Suggest a method to convert 1-propene to 1-propen-3-ol
- 8. What is the use of PCC in organic synthesis? Write its structure
- 9. CF<sub>3</sub>COOOH
- 10 Beckman rearrangement of an oxime give actanilide as the product, predict the oxime and its configuration.
- 11 Pyrrole is a weak acid but not base explain why?
- 12 Explain why pyridine is less basic than aliphatic amines?

(12 x1 = 12 Weightage)

### Section B

(Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 Weightage)

- 13. Discuss the synthetic applications of the following reagents.
  - (a) DCC (b) Gilman's reagent (c) LiAlH<sub>4</sub>
- (d) NaBH<sub>4</sub>
- 14. Describe primary and secondary structure of proteins.
- 15. Discuss the synthesis of glutathione.
- 16. Discuss cationic and free radical polymerization reaction with suitable examples.

- 17. Write the mechanism and stereochemistry of epoxidation of akenes by peracids
- 18. Discuss the mechanism of decarboxylation of monocarboxylic acids with lead tetraacetate and based on mechanism explain the formation of alkane, acetate and alkene during the reaction.
- 19. Discuss the mechanisms of (a) Woodward dihydroxylation (b) Prévost dihydroxylation
- 20. Discuss with appropriate mechanism (a) the McMurry coupling (b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 21. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CO-CH<sub>2</sub>Cl and C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>-CHCl-CO-CH<sub>3</sub> give the same product when subjected to Favorski rearrangement. Explain.
- 22. Explain the mechanism of the following reactions(a) Negishi cross coupling reactions, (b) Sonogashira reaction
- 23. Pyridine undergo electrophilic substitution reaction at beta position. Explain.
- 24. Explain Pall Knorr synthesis of pyrrole and Feist Benary synthesis of furan.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Weightage})$ 

#### Section C

(Answer any two questions. Each question carries 4 Weightage)

- Discuss the principle of Merrifield solid phase peptide synthesis with suitable illustration.
- Discuss with suitable mechanisms (a) Baeyer-Villiger oxidation (b) Dess- Martin oxidation (c)
  Swern oxidation
- 27. Discuss with the appropriate mechanisms
  - (i) Birch reduction of (a) Anisole (b) Benzoic acid (c) Naphthalene
  - (ii) Bouveault- Blanc reduction of ethyl acetate
- 28. (a) Explain Fischer's indole synthesis with mechanism.
  - (b) Explain the synthesis of uric acid and caffeine.

(2 x **4**= 8 Weightage)

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