D 72965
---------

(Pages: 2)

ame......38

Reg. No....

# FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2014

(CUCSS)

Environmental Science

## ES IC 02—ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY—I

(2010 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 36 Weightage

#### Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 weightage.

- 1. "The south pole is always colder than the north pole" Justify this statement.
- 2. Describe the difference between an aerosol and a particulate.
- 3. Define the term "albedo".
- 4. "Detergents have already replaced 80% of the world demand for soap". Justify.
- 5. Describe the evidence that implicates CFCs in the destruction of ozone layer.
- 6. Why are aliphatic carboxylic acids some time called fatty acids?
- 7. How contaminants differ from pollutants?
- 8. What is alkalinity in water due to?
- 9. What is the relationship between acid strength and the value of pKa?
- 10. The COD result for a water sample is twice as large as its BOD. Explain.
- 11. How inert complex differ from metal chelate?
- 12. Define half-life period and average life of a radioactive element
- 13. Differentiate between nuclear fusion and nuclear fission.
- 14. Why are  $\alpha$ -particles that are absorbed internally by the body particularly dangerous?

 $(14 \times 1 = 14 \text{ weightage})$ 

### Part B

Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 weightage.

- 15. What are VOCs? Explain the role of VOCs in the production of photochemical smog.
- 16. How does sulphur play a role in the "Acid rain" problem and how does it influence other environmental processes?

Turn over

- 17. How does a free radical differ from an ordinary molecule? Show why hydroxyl radical is conside as a catalyst for ozone destruction.
- 18. Explain any one method used for the estimation total nitrogen in soil.
- 19. What is eutrophication? How is it caused? Describe its effect on the aquatic life in an estuar
- 20. What are adsorption indicators? Explain the mechanism by which they work.
- 21. Explain the phenomena of high and low quantum yield.
- 22. State the solubility product principle. What is its significance?
- 23. Describe the uses of radioisotopes as tracers.
- 24. Write a brief note on "Radiation Hazards".

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ weight})$ 

#### Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 4 Weightage.

- 25. (a) Give an account of inorganic particulate matter and show differences from organic particulate
  - (b) What are the factors affecting photochemical reactions?
- 26. (a) Describe the functional groups and characteristic structural features of (i) alcol (ii) aldehydes; (iii) carboxylic acids; (iv) ketones; (v) amines and (vi) esters.
  - (b) Explain photosensitization with examples.
- 27. (a) Describe any one method for the determination of nitrate in water?
  - (b) Discuss the significance of common ion effect in the separation of metal ions.
- 28. (a) Briefly explain the working principle of Scintillation counter.
  - (b) Discuss the practical limitations associated with the use of nuclear fusion as a source of en

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weigl})$