10	0	0	0	0
6	4	U	0	y

P	0	cc	0	0	9)	ä
(I	a	ĸ	e	5	41	r.

NT.				22
Name	•••••	•••••	••••••	
Reg. No	d da	maa	Jalu	

Turn over

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2014

(UG-CCSS)

Core Course—Computer Science

CS 4B 07—FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

		(2012 Admissions)
ne:	Thre	ee Hours Maximum : 30 Weightage
I.	Ans	wer all 12 questions:
	1	A software package to facilitate the creation and maintenance of a computerized database is called ———.
	2	Meta data is stored in ———— file of the database.
	3	——— is a person who has central control over the data and programs that access data in a DBMS.
	4	In a DBMS, ———— facility is used to define the database conceptual schema.
	5	The number of participating entity types determines the ———— of a relationship type.
	6	———— is a process of defining a set of subclass of an entity type.
	7	——— is a pool of values from which actual values appearing in a given column are drawn.
	8	——— relational operation selects tuples from a relation satisfying a given condition.
	9	facility provides a higher level declarative notation for specifying relational queries.
	10	command of SQL enable us to remove table definitions.
	11	If every non prime attribute A of a relation R is fully functionally dependent on the primary key of R, then R is said to be in ———.
	12	The property which ensures changes made to the database do not result in inconsistency of data is ———.
		$(12 \times \frac{1}{4} = 3 \text{ weightage})$
II.	Ans	swer all nine questions:
	13	Define the terms degree, cardinality, attribute and primary key of a relation.
	14	Define a foreign key. What is the purpose of using a foreign key?
	15	What is functional dependency?
	16	Define 3NF.

- 17 Distinguish between database schema and database instance.
- 18 Explain INTERSECT command with syntax.
- 19 What do you mean by the term "type hierarchy"?
- 20 Explain about dirty read problem.
- 21 Discuss the concept of encapsulation.

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weightag})$

III. Answer any five questions:

- 22 Briefly explain various DDL commands with syntax.
- 23 What are the basic concepts of E-R model?
- 24 Explain about various unary relational algebraic operations.
- 25 What is normalization? What is its role in database design?
- 26 Explain the desirable properties of a transaction.
- 27 What is two-phase locking protocol? How does it guarantee serializability?
- 28 Briefly explain about the main concepts used in Object Oriented databases.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weighta})$

IV. Answer any two questions:

- 29 (a) What are essential components of a DBMS? Explain.
 - (b) Discuss the different views and levels of architecture for a DBMS.
- 30 Write short notes on the following:
- (a) Anomalies in a Database.
- (b) Triggers.
 - (c) Boyce Codd normal form.
- (d) Multi-valued dependency.
 - 31 (a) With the help of a block diagram, explain about various states of a transaction.
 - (b) Consider the following relations:

WORKS (Pname, Cname, City)

LIVES (Pname, Street, City)

LOCATED IN (Cname, City)

MANAGER (Pname, Mgrname)

Give an SQL DDL definition of this database with necessary integrity constraints.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weights})$